The North-Eastern Daily Gazette.

ESTABLISHED 1869. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1891. PRICE ONE HALFPENNY.

ACCOUNTANT'S CERTIFICATE.

I, WILLIAM BECKLAY PEAT, a member of the firm of Messrs. Barclay & Co., Chartered Accountants, of 3, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, London, E.C., and Royal Exchange, Manchester, do hereby make oath and say that I have examined the Accounts relating to the Printing and Publishing Department connected with the *North-Eastern Daily Gazette*, Middlesbrough-on-Tees, and I find that the net number of Papers printed during the three months from 1st October to 31st December, 1890, was

4,112,829,

and the average for the 78 days during that three months on which the Paper was printed of

52,728

COPIES PER DAY.

W. B. PEAT,

Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Dated at Lothbury, in the City of London, this 2nd day of January, 1891, before me,

THOS. B. CARTWRIGHT,

A Commissioner to administer oaths in the Supreme Court of Judicature in England.

Religious Notices.

BAPTIST CHURCH, LINTHORPE-ROAD.—REV. THOS. ARMSTRONG, 10.30 and 6.30.

BETHEL CHAPEL, PARADISE-ROW, STOCKTON.—Sunday, February 15th.—Morning and Evening, REV. G. H. BEELEY.

CHRIST GEORGE'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, STOCKTON.—To-morrow: Preacher, THOMAS HOWELL, 10.30 and 6.30.

CHRIST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corporation-road. Middlesbrough. Preacher, REV. GEO. SAMUEL, M.A.

CHRISTIAN HALL.—Sunday, 11, Circle; 3.30, Utility of Phrenology" (illustrated). 6.30, Supper and Social. Admission 6d.

DOUGLAS-STREET CHAPEL, MIDDLESBROUGH.—To-morrow, Preacher for the day: MR T. THURGOOD, of York.

EBENEZER WESLEYAN CHAPEL, STOCKTON-ON-TEES.—Feb. 15, 10.30 and 6.30, Rev. W. STEVENSON.

EBOR BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preacher for Next Sunday: REV. J. H. Rawdon Colley.

EMMANUEL MISSION HALL, NELSON-TERRACE, Stockton.—To-morrow, MRS GODDARD, at 11, 3 and 6.30.

Subject, "THE CHURCH ON FIRE."

FIRST CHURCH, MIDDLESBROUGH. REV. JOHN BEVAN will preach TO-MORROW, 10.30 a.m., "OPEN TALENTS." 6.30 p.m., "JOSEPH MAZZINI."

GREGATIONAL CHURCH, Queen's-terrace.—REV. J. P. JAMES. 10.45 a.m.; 6.30 p.m., Lecture, "The People v. Politics, Rents, &c."

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF ENGLAND, NEWPORT-ROAD. ANNIVERSARY SERVICES TO-MORROW. Preacher: The REV. W. ROGERSON, of Warkworth. Services 10.30 and 6.30. Special collections.

ST. JOHN'S LOVE MEMORIAL CHURCH. Anniversary next.—CHURCH ANNIVERSARY SERMONS TO-MORROW. Preacher, REV. G. COATES: 10.30, "Early Science and Service;" 6.30, "Our Victories over Scepticism and Secularism Defeated."—A cordial welcome.

ST. PAUL'S MIDDLESBROUGH TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—SUNDAY, February 15th, 8.15 p.m., Temperance Hall. Chairman, MAJOR R. BUDDEN. Speaker, the REV. F. C. COOKING. Monstra Sunday Closing Resolution to be moved.

ST. THOMAS'-ROAD BAPTIST CHURCH, SOUTH BANK.—HOME MISSION ANNIVERSARY. SUNDAY.—REV. R. SCOTT, Morning, 10.30; Evening, 6. PUBLIC MEETING at 7. REVS. A. W. CURWOOD and W. H. ROWLING.

ST. PAUL'S (CONGREGATIONAL) CHURCH, STOCKTON.—Preacher for To-morrow, MR J. TELFORD, of Middlesbrough; 10.30 and 6.

Sunday Evening next, Feb. 16th, the Rev. B. Johnson, of Barnard Castle, will LECTURE on "Courtship, and Marriage;" to commence at 6.30 each, in aid of the new Sunday School Fund.

SALEM CHAPEL (U.M.F.C.), MILTON-STREET, MIDDLESBROUGH. — HOME AND FOREIGN MISSIONS.—On Sunday, Feb. 15th, 1891, services will be preached by MR A. DALZIEL, of London, Morning 10.30, Evening 6.30. PUBLIC MISSIONARY MEETING at 2.30, to be presided by MR Dalziel and Rev. W. G. Jolly. On Monday evening, ANNUAL MISSIONARY MEETING will be held, to be addressed by Revs. P. J. Jolly, W. G. Jolly, and R. T. Hunter. Chair to be taken by MR J. DOVE, Esq. Collections in aid of the Funds.

Public Notices.

NORTH-EASTERN RAILWAY. — Saturday 21st.—AN EXCURSION TRAIN (Saturday's 12.50 p.m., with bookings from Brotton, Middlesbrough, South Stockton, &c., for particulars see bills. 14

NORTH-EASTERN RAILWAY. SATURDAY, February 21st, HALF-DAY EXCURSION from Darlington (at 2.10 p.m.), Northallerton, Thirsk, Ripon, and Harrogate, to Leeds. See bills for further particulars. 14

NORTON AND MIDDLESBROUGH WATER BOARD.—Notice is Hereby Given that Water will be off in South Bank, Grangetown, Low Lackenby, Warrenby, Coatham, and Redcar, on SATURDAY NIGHT (Saturday) at midnight, to SUNDAY MORNING (Sunday) at midnight.

By order, DAVID WILSON, General Manager.

Waterworks Office, Middlesbrough, 7th February, 1891. 14

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, on the 18th day of April, application will be made to Major Dunnicliffe, one of the Justices of the Peace, assembled at Easingwold and for the North Riding of the County of York, at Northallerton, in the said Riding, at the hour of the turning, diversion, and stopping up of the Highway in the township and parish of Thirlby, in the said North Riding, at a point about midway between the South Bank and adjoining Clay-house, and that the certificate of two Justices having viewed the same, and that such proposed new highway is more commodious to the public, and the proposed new Highway, will be made at the Court of Quarter Sessions for the said Riding to be holden on the 28th day of March next.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1891.

THOS. S. Clerk to the Easton Local Board.

NOTICE.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACT, 1889. SALE OF COAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Application has been made to the Board of Trade from the Council of the Borough of Middlesbrough for a Confirmation of BYE-LAWS which the Local Authority have made in pursuance of the 28th Section of the Weights and Measures Act, 1889, made with respect to the Sale of Coal.

Copies of the Bye-laws can be inspected, free of charge, at the Town Hall, Middlesbrough, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on every day (except Saturday, when 1 o'clock p.m.) during the period of one month from the date hereof.

And all persons interested are to take notice that, 21 days after the said Application has been made to the Board of Trade to the Confirmation of the said Bye-laws, and in the meantime, any Objections which may be made to the Board of Trade.

(Signed) C. CECIL TREVOR, Assistant Secretary, Board of Trade.

Whitehall, Harbour Department, 7th day of February, 1891. 14

THE CARDIFF PRIZE CHOIR will give their OPENING CONCERT In the RANGE HALL, STOCKTON. On Monday, February 16th, 1891. GIGANTIC SUCCESS OF "DICK WHITTINGTON." LOOK OUT FOR THE TRIPS! THE LOCAL FOOTBALL TEAMS, Including MIDDLESBROUGH, DARLINGTON, STOCKTON, DURHAM, HARTLEPOOL, &c., Received with cheers every Peformance.

SATURDAYS AT TWO. EVERY NIGHT AT SEVEN.

TYNE THEATRE, NEWCASTLE.

ENORMOUS SUCCESS AND MAGNIFICENT RECEPTION OF AUGUSTUS HARRIS'S FOURTH ANNUAL PANTOMIME, JACK AND THE BEANSTALK. The whole produced under the direction of VICTOR STEVENS.

An exceptionally Powerful Company are engaged, including:— MISS FANNIE LESLIE (The Premier Boy in Pantomime), Miss Pattie Haywood, Mr Harry Fischer, Miss Alice Carleton, Mr Harry Kilburn, Miss Lily Martin, Mr Johnny Alexander, Miss Lulie Richardson, Mr H. M. Clifford, and MR VICTOR STEVENS.

EVERY NIGHT AT SEVEN. EVERY SATURDAY AT TWO. JACK AND THE BEANSTALK. PRICES AS USUAL. Box Office (T. Henderson) open daily from 11 to 4. Saturdays 11 to 2.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WILLIAM TENNET, INCORPORATED ACCOUNTANT, 44, ALBERT-ROAD, will shortly Remove to more commodious premises at 65, CORPORATION-ROAD, MIDDLESBROUGH. Books Debts Purchased. TRADE BILLS DISCOUNTED.

ASHES! Any quantity at the Chemical Works, Middlesbrough, for carting away.

SIXPENCE per load will be given by Sadler and Company for all rubbish carted from the Cleveland Chemical Works.

G. E. GREY, Joiner, 153, High-street, Stockton. Shop and bar fittings. Funerals completely furnished on the most reasonable terms.

Public Notices.

MIDDLESBROUGH TOWN HALL.

MR FELIX CORBETT'S BALLAD CONCERTS.

The Third Concert of the Series will be held on WEDNESDAY NEXT, FEB. 18, 1891. Doors open at 7, Concert to commence at 7.45 p.m.

MADAME NORDICA, Her first appearance in Middlesbrough.

MADAME NORDICA Willsing "Cavatina" (Gounod), &c.

MADAME NORDICA, The great American Soprano.

MADAME HOPE-GLENN Wednesday Next.

MADAME HOPE-GLENN Will sing Songs by Handel-Birch, &c.

MADAME HOPE-GLENN, The distinguished Contralto,

MR EDWARD LLOYD Will sing "The Garland" (Mendelssohn).

MR EDWARD LLOYD Will sing "Serenade" (Schubert).

MR EDWARD LLOYD Will sing "I'll Sing Thee Songs of Arabyn" (Clay).

MR EDWARD LLOYD Will create a New Song by Felix Corbett.

MR EDWARD LLOYD Will sing "We Cannot Part" (Felix Corbett).

MR EDWARD LLOYD On Wednesday Next.

MR SANTLEY, First appearance in Middlesbrough for Fifteen Years.

MR SANTLEY, Last Provincial appearance before leaving for Canada.

MR SANTLEY, England's Greatest Baritone.

MR SANTLEY Will sing "The Wolf" (Shield).

MR SANTLEY Will sing "Eri-King" (Schubert).

MR SANTLEY Will sing "The Vicar of Bray."

MR SANTLEY On Wednesday Next, at Town Hall, Middlesbrough.

MR FELIX CORBETT, Wednesday Next.

MR FELIX CORBETT Will play "Rondo from Concerto" (Mendelssohn).

MR FELIX CORBETT Will play "Wigenlied Henselt.'

MR FELIX CORBETT Will play "Rigandon" (Raff).

MR FELIX CORBETT'S LAST CONCERT OF THE SEASON

MIDDLESBROUGH TOWN HALL WEDNESDAY NEXT.

Plan of seats at Mr Hoggett's,

A few Reserved Seats at 3s.

Reserved Floor, 7s; Reserved Balcony, 5s; Unreserved Seats, 2s 6d and 1s.

Special Late Train to Guisborough.

THEATRE ROYAL, NEWCASTLE.

GIGANTIC SUCCESS OF "DICK WHITTINGTON."

LOOK OUT FOR THE TRIPS!

THE LOCAL FOOTBALL TEAMS, Including MIDDLESBROUGH, DARLINGTON, STOCKTON, DURHAM, HARTLEPOOL, &c., Received with cheers every Peformance.

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Public Notices.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER BEAR. NEW TOWN HALL, MIDDLESBROUGH, WEDNESDAY, February 25th, GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT (promoted by the Apollo Male Voice Choir and an influential Committee). ARTISTES: SOPRANO—MISS LILY PEARCE, L.R.A.M. (of the Leeds Concerts). CONTRALTO—MISS ISABEL COUNEY (Mrs. Smith, Middlesbrough). TENOR—MR JOHN HUNTER (Hartlepool). BASS—MR ALFRED JONES (Middlesbrough). STRING INSTRUMENTALISTS—The MISSES TAYLOR (Bristol). CLARIONET SOLOIST — MASTER SMITH (Newcastle-on-Tyne), the Boy Wonder. AND THE APOLLO MALE VOICE CHOIR. Conductor, MR JOHN MORGAN. Accompanists: MISS EFFIE SMITH and MR J. F. STEWART. Admission: Reserved Seats, 3/- (plan at Mr Hoggett's Music Warehouse). Balcony and Second Seats, 2/-, Body of Hall, 1/-, Gallery and Area, 6d. Tickets may be obtained of Mr Hoggett, Exchange-place; Mr Lloyd, 32, Milton-street; Mr Johnson, 84, Wilson-street; Mr Morgan, 18, Milton-street; the Members of the Committee and Choir, and of several of the Tradesmen of the town and district. Doors open at 7; Concert at 7.45; Carriages at 10.15 p.m.

STEAMER BEAR RELIEF FUND.—The steamer Bear, of Middlesbrough, was run down in the Firth of Forth on Sunday, January 11th, and as there are twelve Widows and about thirty-eight Orphans of the crew left unprovided for, a large and influential Committee has been formed for the purpose of raising a Fund for the relief of such of them as it may in the opinion of the Committee be necessary to relieve.

Believing the object to be a thoroughly deserving one, the Committee earnestly hope that the public of Middlesbrough, Whitby, Filey, and Kirkwall will co-operate in carrying the movement to a successful issue.

Subscriptions will be gratefully received by any of the Committee or by the undersigned.

M. G. COLLINGWOOD (Mayor), Treasurer. ALBERT E. ROCHEY, Honorary Secretary. Municipal Buildings, Middlesbrough, January, 1891.

THEATRE ROYAL, MIDDLESBROUGH. Monday, February 9, 1891, Engagement for Six Nights Only, of AUGUSTE VAN BIENE'S Burlesque Company in the Enormously Successful Burlesque, FAUST UP TO DATE, as played 450 times at the Gaiety Theatre, London. On MONDAY EVENING, February 9th, 1891, and during the week, AUGUSTE VAN BIENE'S Co. in the Enormously Successful Burlesque, FAUST UP TO DATE, By C. H. Bitz and Henry Pettit. Music by Meyer Lutz.

OXFORD PALACE, Middlesbrough.—THIS WEEK:—Mdlle. Tina, with her Educated Cats, Rats, Mice, and Canaries; Miss Ada Rippon, Mr George Lashwood, Mr Fleming, Little Pearl, Messrs Parker and M'Nally, Mr Charles Pateman, the Avrigny Trio. Friday, Feb. 13th, Benefit for Widows and Orphans of crew of s.s. "Bear."

GAIETY THEATRE, West Hartlepool.—This Week—MR FRED. COOKE'S NEW MAZEPPA COMPANY.

ALHAMBRA VARIETY THEATRE, Lambton-street (off Lynn-street), West Hartlepool. THE FLYING STELLIOS. Miss ALICE VENLEY, the Vocalist Actress. Mr J. T. GRILETT, the great Irish Vocal Comedian. Messrs CLIFTON and CLYDE, the Eccentric Two. Mr ARTHUR MATTHEW'S GOAT PARADOX! Miss MAUD DANVIL, the Empress of Comedy. THE FOUR GRANTS, the Monarchs of Music! Miss FLORENCE SMITHERS, and her Clever Company of LONDON SKETCH ARTISTES.

THE DURHAM AND YORKSHIRE BUILDING SOCIETY. OFFICES: No. 85, NORTHGATE, DARLINGTON. ARTHUR PEASE, J.P., C.A., Darlington, Chairman. JOHN FEETHAM, J.P., C.C., Darlington, Vice-chairman. Thomas Peacock, Darlington. John Pease Fry, J.P., Darlington. Robert Allen Luck, J.P., Darlington. Joseph Albert Pease, J.P., Darlington. Thomas Pease, Darlington. Jonathan Samuel, Stockton. Thomas Taylor Sedgwick, Darlington. Walter Johnson, J.P., Middlesbrough. Secretary: Wm. B. Peat, F.C.A., Middlesbrough. Solicitors: Hugh Dunn and Watson, Darlington. Auditors: S. W. Tomkins and C. Walton, A.C.A., Surveyor: Geo. Marshall, Darlington. Arbitrators: G. W. Bartlett, David Dale, J.P., C. R. Fry, J.P., Theodore Fry, M.P., and A. Price. Bankers: J. Backhouse and Co. AGENTS. STOCKTON.—Ralph Appleton, 134, High-street. MIDDLESBROUGH.—George Bowers, 15, Albert-road. WEST HARTLEPOOL:—E. H. Burkins, Stansfield-terrace, Bell Vue. HARTLEPOOL.—J. V. Longstaff, 103, Durham-street. RIPON:—John Bell, 17, Westgate. SHILDON:—J. F. Adamson, Hill-street. BISHOP AUCKLAND:—Wm. Dunglinson, Durham Chare. WEARDALE:—Aaron Nattrass, Clover Holme House, St. John's Chapel. CROOK:—James Scott, High Gill House, Church-street. BARNARD CASTLE.—EVENWOOD, &c.:—Joseph Wipenny, 17, Montalbo-terrace, Barnard Castle. MIDDLETON-IN-TEESDALE:—J. J. French. DURHAM:—Richard Bailey, 66, Claypath. YORK:—Ur ah Hornsey, St. Helen's Chambers, Davygate. Money received daily on Investment or Preference Shares and on Deposit. No premiums, entrance, or management fees charged. Sums of one shilling and upwards taken on Investment Shares. Withdrawals paid regularly without deduction. Mortgage repayments fortnightly at the rate of Five Shillings per £100, or at 5 per cent. per annum to borrowers, and 4 per cent. allowed on current repayments. Investment Shareholders receive 4 per cent. and Preference Shareholders 3½ per cent. Further information at the Chief Office, and of the Agents. WM. B. PEAT, SECRETARY.

MRS BROWN, 5, Mill-lane, Stockton, Dress Maker and Mantle Maker, only Certificated Teacher of the European System of Dress Cutting by Measurement. Perfect fit guaranteed. No fitting required. Ball and Evening Dresses in all the Latest Styles. a27

YORKSHIRE PENNY BANK THE MIDDLESBROUGH BRANCH Is Open daily at 5 LINTHORPE-ROAD, from 10 to 3, Saturdays 10 to 1, and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8. Any amount may be deposited. 3 per cent. interest allowed. £20, or any smaller amount, may be withdrawn without notice, and larger sums on giving one day's notice. Cheque books are issued. ARTHUR FORSTER, MANAGER.

Lost and Found.

LOST, on Tuesday night last, from Oxbridge-lane, a red and white Cow calf; finder rewarded. Apply 21, Lawrence-street, Stockton. 14

10/- REWARD.—Lost, on Sunday, Black Retriever and Setter Dog; detention will lead to prosecution. Apply 59, Dundas-mews, Middlesbrough. 14

FOUND, on Tuesday night, 10th inst., a small Cow. Apply Wind Mill Inn, South Stockton. 14

FOUND, a Dog Bitch; if not claimed within three days will be sold. Apply 5, Pembroke-street, Middlesbrough. 16

FOUND, Black and Tan Collie; if not claimed within 3 days will be sold. Apply Langbaugh Hall, Great Ayton.

FOUND, Sable Collie Dog, white nose and breast; if not owned within three days will be sold. Apply 67, Harris-street, Middlesbrough. 14

Hotels, etc.

LONDON.—WILD'S TEMPERANCE HOTEL, 34 to 43, Ludgate Hill; home com orts; cleanliness and quiet. Central for business or pleasure.

LIVERPOOL.—"COMPTON HOTEL." Unrivalled for its Comfort, Excellent Cuisine, FINE WINES, and MODERATE CHARGES. Adjoining Lime Street Station, Saloons, &c.

WINTER HEALTH RESORT.—GRANGE HYDRO., GRANGE-OVER-SANDS.—Splendid Situation, Sunny Aspect, Home Comforts, Baths, Billiards, &c. Special Winter Terms from 30s per week.

Publications.

READ "THE TWO WORLDS" for news of Spiritualism and Reform, price 1d.; of all Newsagents, or the Manager, 10, Petworth-street, Cheetham Hill, Manchester.

THE MATRIMONIAL HERALD AND FASHIONABLE MARRIAGE GAZETTE represents the largest and most successful Matrimonial Agency in the world, and is the original and sole responsible Medium for the Nobility, Gentry, and Commercial Classes. Price 3d (secure in plain envelope, 4d).—"Editor," 40, Lamb's Conduit-street, London, W.C., or order of all newsagents.

BOOKS TO BUY (post free prices affixed):—Guide to Success in Poultry Keeping .... 1s 2d; Leno's Art of Boot and Shoe Making ..... 2s 2d; Confectioner's Receipt Book..... 7d; Beesiana's Mule Yarn Calculator, Vols. 1, 2, and 3..... 5d each; Watchmaker and Jeweller's Manual. By Stelle 2s 8d; Stationary Engine Driving. By Reynolds..... 3s 6d; Mrs Beeton's Cookery Book, latest edition..... 1s 2d; Indian Clubs, Dumb Bells, and Sword Exercises 7d; Soap Maker's Manual..... 1s 8d; Decorator's and Artisan's Hand Book..... 1s 2d. Address JOHN WILSON, Bookseller, West Hartlepool.

Tenders.

NEW CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LOFTUS-IN-CLEVELAND.

CONTRACTORS willing to TENDER for various Trades in Building these will be supplied with Quantities and receive requisite information on forwarding us their names before SATURDAY, February 17th. CLARK AND MOSCROP, Architects, Feetham, Darlington. 16

STOCKTON UNION RURAL SANITARY AUTHORITY.

The Rural Sanitary Authority of the Stockton Union are prepared to receive TENDERS for the Levell ng, Paving, Curbing, and Flagging (including the construction of Surface Drains and Gullies in connection with the same) of the following Streets at Marsion Hill, in the parish of Billingham:—viz., Clarence-street, Oak-street, back street north of Clarence-street, back street north and of Oak and Elm Streets, back street between Ash and Oak Streets, and back street between Oak and Elm Streets.

Plans, Specification may be seen on application to Mr John Rodham, Surveyor to the Authority, at his office, Finkle-street, Stockton-on-Tees.

Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Paving," may be sent to me not later than 10 o'clock a.m. on Tuesday, the 24th inst.

The Sanitary Authority do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

(By Order) JAS. ROBINSON, Clerk to the Rural Sanitary Authority. Union Offices, Stockton-on-Tees, 12th February, 1891.

BUILDERS desirous of Tendering for the Erection of Two Pair of Semi-detached Villas at North Ormesby are requested to send their names and addresses to me on or before the 19th day of February. R. LOFTHOUSE, Architect, 62, Albert-road, Middlesbrough. 18

BRUCE'S Livery Stables, Harris-street. Telephone No. 5,153. Orders promptly attended to

Situations Vacant.

ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED UNDER THIS HEADING AT THE FOLLOWING PREPAID RATES:— 16 WORDS, 1 DAY, 6D.....3 DAYS, 1S 6D.....6 DAYS, 2S 24 WORDS, 1 DAY, 9D.....3 DAYS, 2S 6D.....6 DAYS, 3S

This applies to "private" advertisements of Servants, &c.

AGENCY for Servants, Mr road, Middlesbrough. [illegible], 121, Linthorpe-road.

AGENCY for Servants, Mr Hartington-road, Stock [illegible], Derby House, 4 situations.

AGENCY for Servants.— road, Stockton. Good [illegible]ular, 9, Bridge-Wanted.

AGENCY for Servants.— South Stockton. Mode[illegible], Mandale-road,

AGENTS Wanted, whole o and bonus. Ireton an[illegible]e, commission street, London. Gracechurch-

AGENTS.—Insurance Agents, Timekeepers, and Foremen Wanted to Sell Jewellery on commission. Address N2, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 19

AGENTS Wanted everywhere for "Business Register" salary and commission; £6 weekly earned. Messrs Pamphilon, Congleton, Cheshire. 13

AGENT Wanted, £26 per quarter, paid weekly; a splendid opening; experience unnecessary; specimens free. Address Coppo Works, Farnworth, Bolton. 16

ASSISTANT Mistress Wanted immediately for one month (possibly longer) for Lackenby School, Grangetown (infants and Std. I.); salary at the rate of £90 per annum. Apply James Bell, 7, Cleveland-terrace, Coatham, Redcar. 16

BEFORE applying elsewhere ladies and servants should apply at Mrs Bowman's old established Registry Office, 2, Low Teuters-street, Bishop Auckland. 20

BLACKSMITH'S Apprentice Wanted immediately; strong lad from country preferred. Address J. Blades, Nunnington, York. 14

CROOK Co-operative Society, Limited.—Wanted, a Journeyman Butcher, accustomed to a country trade; wages 28s 6d per week. Personal application to be made to the Committee on Wednesday night next, February 18th inst., at seven o'clock. Satisfactory testimonials as to character, ability, &c., required. 17

CANVASSERS and Collectors Wanted, good pushing men, for sewing machines. W. Sellers and Sons (note new address), 20, Albert-road, Middlesbrough. 20

CIVIL Service.—Ages 14 to 35; salaries (from £10 to £200; great demand in the Post Office for Ladies under the rapid promotion by correspondence and in class. N. Watson, Witton-le-Wear, Darlington.

CLERKSHIPS, &c., Her Majesty's Civil Service. Age 14—25. Ladies under 20. Salaries £70—£400. 104 Clerks Wanted April next; age 20 to 35. Over 1,200 appointments recently obtained. Thorough preparation in class or by post. Complete guide free. Write or call, G. E. Skerry, 57, 69, Chancery-lane, London, W.C.

COOK (plain) or General. Apply, personally, Mrs Stocks, Yarm-road, Stockton. 16

COOK (plain) or Thorough General Servant; private family (3); housemaid and boy kept; part washing out. Fox-Thomas, Whitby.

CLOTHIERS and Hatters.—Wanted, two Assistants; good salesmen and window dressers. Bennison Bros., West Hartlepool. 16

DRAPERY.—Wanted, Assistant for Fancy Counter; Window Dresser, &c. E. Swan Pinder, Hartlepool. 14

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, Five or Six Apprentices. Apply Atkinson's Dress Warehouse, Hillstreet, Middlesbrough. 14

GROCERY and Provisions.—Wanted an energetic Assistant; preference given to one who is well up in soliciting; state experience, salary required, and references. Walter Willson, Cash Grocer, Barnard Castle. 14

GROUNDMAN Wanted for Stokesley Cricket Club Apply W. Yorke, Secretary. 17

GENERAL Servant Wanted; between 20 and 30. Apply Cleveland Hotel, North Ormesby. 14

GENERAL Servant (experienced) Wanted. Apply, 8, Southfield Villas, Middlesbrough. 14

GENERAL Servant (good) Wanted. Apply Miss Thompson, Seaton Carew. 14

GENERAL Servant (good) Wanted; no washing. Apply Mrs Baird, South-road, West Hartlepool. 17

GENERAL (good) Wanted; age about 25. Apply, with references, Zetland Hotel, Middlesbrough. 14

GENERAL Servants, with good references, Wanted. Address, with particulars, to Ingledew's Servants' Registry, Ocean-road, South Shields.

GENERAL Servant Wanted, able to do plain cooking; also, a Housemaid. Apply Mrs Glen, South Bank. 14

GENERAL Servant Wanted; able to wash and do plain cooking. Apply 59, Scarborough-street, West Hartlepool. 14

GENERAL Servant (go d) Wanted at once; references required. Apply Mrs Imeson, 9, Trafalgar-terrace, Coatham, Redcar. 14

GENERAL Servant (respectable) Wanted, about 20; good bread-maker; good references required. Mrs Conway, North Ormesby.

GENERAL Servant Wanted, one able to wash; good character indispensable. Mrs Taylor, 28, Dunning-road, Middlesbrough. 16

GENERAL Servant Wanted, not under 20 years of age. Apply 2, Borough-road e, Middlesbrough. 14

GENERAL — Wanted at once, thoroughly experienced Woman; able to cook; good character; age 25 or 26. Apply T. Thomas, Primrose Villa, South Bank. 16

GENERAL Servant (thoroughly competent) Wanted at once; no cooking required. Apply, before seven in the evening, at 69, Wilson-street, corner of Dundas-street, Middlesbrough. 14

GENERAL Servant (experienced) Wanted 2nd March, and superior Nurse. Apply, by letter only, stating references, to Mrs Jaeger, Coatham, Redcar. 14

GENERAL — Wanted, beginning of March, thoroughly experienced General for lady and gentleman; Housemaid kept; wages, £14 to £16; must undertake washing. Address C10, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 16

GIRL (clean, respectable) Wanted; about 15. Apply 87, Queen-street, South Bank. 14

GIRL Wanted at once, to help in Housework; about 15. Apply Victoria House, Redcar. 14

GIRL (strong) Wanted, able to wash and bake; family small. Apply 32, Howden-st, Stockton. 14

GIRL (strong, active) Wanted to ass.st Housemaid and Cook. Apply, stating references, to X, Box 33, Post Office, Middlesbrough.

GIRL Wanted for Housework at Redcar; one from the country preferred; age about 15; small family. Address N13, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbro'. 14

HOUSEMAID Wanted at once. Apply Commercial H. Hotel, Bishop Auckland. 16

HOUSEMAID for two in family; also, several Cooks, Generals, and Nurse-Housemaids Wanted for the term. County Registry, Charles-street, West Hartlepool.

HOUSEKEEPER Wanted, about 54; good needlewoman. Apply, between 6 and 7, 22, Davison-street, Middlesbrough. 15

HOUSEKEEPER Wanted for Working Man; 2 in family; aged person preferred. W. Allerton, 3, Mary-street, Stockton. Apply between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening. 15

HOW To Make Money!—Write for samples and accept Agency for the Sale of Birks Bros.' wonderful Stoves; cheapest in England. Address Central Supply Stores, West Hartlepool.

KITCHENMAID and Cook; small family; comfortable place. Send age, wage, references, Miss Wright, 3, Derby-terrace, Stockton.

KNITTING Machines.—Harrison Gold Medal K. Swift; Wanted, buying agents. Works: 43, Upper Brook-street, Manchester.

MILLINERY.—Young Ladies Wanted as Apprentices to Millinery Work-room and Sales. Apply Lisney and Dickson, Drapers, Middlesbrough.

MILLINER Wanted (permanent), and to assist in the sales; to live out. T. G. Bell, Drapery and Baby Linen Establishment, Bishop Auckland. 17

MAN, about 30, single, to live indoors, attend horses, &c.; must be a good driver, single or double; first-class character required. W. Wilson, Golden Lion Hotel, Stokesley.

MASONS.—Wanted, 3 or 4 good Banter Hands. Apply Fly. Mead, Foreman, New Bank Buildings, Hartlepool. 16

NORMANBY, in Eston, School Board.—Wanted, March 1st, an Assistant Master—ex-P.T.—for Normanby Boys' Department, average 96. Salary £52; travelling expenses will be paid if required to attend. Applications and copies of two testimonials to be consigned by first post Thursday, February 19th, W. R. Thomas, Clerk, South Bank, Yorkshire.

NURSE (experienced) Wanted for one child; good needlewoman. Send full particulars, Miss Hyllars's, Bridge-road, Stockton.

NURSE-HOUSEMAID Wanted, 25, one child; also, an experienced Housemaid and plain Cook; good wages. County Registry, Charles-street, West Hartlepool.

PAWNBROKING.—Wanted, a Manager at once. Apply at I. Hush, 194, Cannon-street, M bro. 14

PAINTERS.—Young Man Wanted as Grainer and Writer; must be quick. Apply W. C. Allan, Painter and Paperhanger, South Stockton. 17

SHORTHAND Clerk, Bookkeeper, Wanted, must be accustomed to iron and steel works correspondence; state age, references, salary required, &c. N12, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 16

SECRETARYSHIP, local society, of good character; energetic; canvass if necessary; a fair salary. Address H24, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 19

WAITRESS (good) Wanted; must be able to wait in commercial room; also, experienced Nurse for young children. Apply Bank Hotel, Guisborough. 14

WORKING Housekeeper (respectable) Wanted, about 40. Apply, between 3 and 5 p.m., 23, Edward's-street, Bowesfield-lane, Stockton. 14

WORKING Housekeeper Wanted, widower; three children, youngest 11; country; state age and wage required. Address N15, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 18

YOUNG Woman, not under 20, of good character; who can take meals and assist in hotel. Mrs Toulson, King's Head Hotel, Newton, Great Ayton. 16

YOUTH Wanted, with some experience in shipbrokers' office. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, &c. (shorthand writer preferred), X9, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 17

YOUTH Wanted, to attend to pony and trap, thoroughly accustomed to the work. R. Conway, North Ormesby. 17

YOUTH (strong) Wanted to look after horse and trap, and to make himself generally useful. Apply Fleece Hotel, Middlesbrough. 15

YOUNG Man Wanted for the Beef and Pork Butcher-ing, about 21 years, one been at trade before, character required. Address S14, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 15

£2 WEEKLY and upwards may be realised by either sex, without hindering present occupation. For sample, &c., enclose addressed envelope. Evans, Watts, and Co., P186, Marchants, Birmingham. This is genuine.

Situations Wanted.

BUTCHERING.—Wanted, Situation by experienced Youth, age 19. Address A47, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 16

GROCERY.—Wanted, Situation by Young Man; aged 19; 5 years' experience. Address G. Hayward, Bowerby, Thirsk. 14

RESPECTABLE Young Person Wants Situation; Housekeeper or any other place of trust. Address K17, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 14

Situations Wanted.

SITUATION of Trust Wanted in Business House by Widow; very active, with one child. Apply 2, Hanover-street, West Hartlepool. 16

Miscellaneous Wants.

BUSINESS Premises Wanted in Middlesbrough; Linthorpe-road preferred. Address "D," "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 16

CAST-OFF Clothing Wanted.—Mrs Pinto, 7, Bridge-street, Middlesbrough, continues giving 20 per cent. more for every description of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cast-Off Clothing than any other dealer. Ladies privately waited upon. Cash remitted same day as parcels received. Highest references given if required.

COTTAGE Property.—Wanted to Purchase, a few blocks of good Cottage Property in Stockton and Middlesbrough. State full particulars and prices, James J. Bell, House Agent, 6, Finkle-street, Stockton.

COATHAM or Redcar.—Wanted small House or Cottage to rent by the year. Send particulars to E10, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 14

EAGLESCLIFFE or Yarm.—Self-contained Cottage Wanted to rent (any time); with garden suitable for keeping poultry. Address full particulars to M. Rhodes, 9, Thorn-street, Middlesbrough. 15

FURNITURE Warehoused at 38, Marton-road. Apply J. G. Newby. 22

GENTLEMEN requiring Garden Work done on reasonable terms; Chestnut, Privet, Shrubs, and Rasps; cheap to clear. Address F24, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 14

HOUSE Wanted (newly-married couple), six rooms, end of March; neighbourhood of Boronch Field. Address N50 "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough.

HOUSE.—Wanted, for the purposes of a small Convalescent Home, a suitable House, in the Country. The House will not be used for infectious cases. Full particulars to Thos. Robinson, 38, Fawcett-street, Sunderland. 18

MONEY.—Wanted to Borrow, privately, £12 for two years; full security given; no professional money-lenders need apply. State terms to J. Z., "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 16

PROPERTY Repairs promptly by practical workmen. Address G. Wood, 80, Church-st., M'bro'. 25

PERSON (respectable) Wishes to take Child either to nurse or adopt. Address Y15, "Gazette" Office, Middlesbrough. 19

PITMAN'S Shorthand.—Wanted, Pupils; 6d per week. At Friends' Meeting House, Mill-lane, Stockton; Monday and Thursday Evenings, 7.30. Campbell Suggett, Teacher. 16

QUOTATIONS Wanted for making large quantities of Steel Sleepers. Thomas Myers and Co., 13, Chapel Walks, Manchester. 20

RENTS and Debts Collected; Book Debts purchased. H. Wm. Tennet, Incorporated Accountant, 44, Albert-road, Middles

Sales by Auction.

OBSERVE!

SALE BY AUCTION, in the Central Hall, Redcar, on MONDAY, February 16th, of the valuable Ancient and Modern HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Furnishings and Appointments of Newcomen House, Dorman, belonging to Mrs Carbutt, who is leaving the district. On view morning of sale. Sale to commence at one o'clock precisely. Full detailed particulars in large sale bills, to be had on application at the Auctioneer's Offices, Redcar and Middlesbrough.

CATALOGUE of the Sale of Superior HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, which will be SOLD BY AUCTION, on TUESDAY, February 17th, by SAMUEL LITHGOW, at the Granville Auction Mart, Middlesbrough.

Sale at 1.30 prompt.

1 to 25 Sundry Kitchen Goods.
26 Pair China Candlebras, Pair China Figures, Ditto.
29 Pair Candlesticks, Pair Japanese Trays, Pair Japanese Fans.
32 Three Painted Glasses for photos.
33 Inbonised Bracket, Child's Swing.
35 Brass Candlstcks; Pair Brackets, glass panels.
37 Fender, Fire Irons.
39 Flower stand, 4 Chromos 2 Engravings.
42 Five Oil Paintings, "Landscapes."
43 Mahogany-f ame Rocking Chair, hair stuffed, covered in mor- co skin.
44 Easy chair, hair stuffed, covered in cretonne.
45 Pair Mahogany Duchesse Tables, jewel drawers and glass attached; Marble-top Washstand—all centsters.
46 Brass and Iron French Bedstead; Wire Mattress.
48 Feather Bed.
49 4ft. Walnut Wardrobe, fitted with dress pegs and drawer in top, with looking-glass centre door.
50 Oval Walnut Occasional Table.
51 Bird's and Gold Frame Chimney Glass.
52 First-class WALNUT-FRAME DINING-ROOM SUITE, comprising couch, lady's and gent's easy chairs, and 6 small chairs, all spring seats, covered in morocco skin.
53 Pair of handsome Plush Brackets, glass panels.
54 Solid Walnut Dining Table with 2 loose leaves, opening to 8 4.
55 6ft. Walnut Sheraton Bookcase with 2 glass doors, cupboard under, and fall writing leaf.
56 Three-tier Walnut Dinner Waggon.
57 Album, morone plush case; Pair Paintings, plush frames.
59 Walnut-frame Mirror, with bevel-edge glass panels.
60 Set of 3 Ornaments, Needlework Cushion.
62 5ft. Mahogany Sideboard, fitted with drawers and cupboards, with looking-glass back-over.
63 Brass Shaped Cornice for bay window.
64 ASH AND WALNUT BED-ROOM SUITE, comprising: 6ft. Wardrobe, fitted with dress pegs, drawer, and cupboards, with 2 bevel-edge glass doors; dressing table with swing-glass attached; marble-top wash-stand, tiled and glass panel back; pedestal, 3 cane-seat chairs, and towel rail.
65 Walnut Hall Chair and Steps combined.
66 Walnut-frame Suite, comprising couch, lady's and gent's easy chairs, and 6 small chairs, covered in figured velvet.
67 Folding Japanese Screen.
68 Four Oak-frame Chairs, covered in morone skin.
69 Mahogany Hair-seated Sofa.
70 Marble Timepiece, 4 Plant Pots.
72 MASSIVE 6FT. MAHOGANY SIDEBOARD, fitted with drawers and cupboards, with a lofty looking-glass panelled back over; all finely carved.
73 Mahogany Night Commode, Set of Mahogany Steps.
75 Pair Mahogany Duchesse Tables, jewel drawers and swing glass attached, and marble-top washstand.
76 Mahogany Tower Hall Fender and Irons.
78 Gent's Dressing Bag, fitted complete; ditto.
80 WALNUT-CASE FULL COMPASS IRON-FRAME COTTAGE PIANO, by Avill and Smart.
81 Pair Chromos; Fender and Fire Irons.
83 Dining-room Suite, comprising couch, lady's and gent's easy chairs, and small chairs, covered in saddle bags.
84 Butler's Tray and Stand.
85 WALNUT CHINA CABINET, fitted with shelves and cupboards, with lofty looking-glass back over.
86 Brass and Iron Parisian Bedstead, with cretonne hangings and wire mattress.
88 Elder Down Quilt.
89 Walnut Bed-room Suite, comprising wardrobe fitted with dress pegs, glass centre door, dressing table with glass attached, marble-top washstand, 3 cane-seat chairs, pedestal, and towel rail.
90 Sewing Machine by Bradbury and Co.
91 16½ yards of Brussels Carpet.
92 Walnut Hat and Umbrella Stand.
93 Mahogany Hat and Umbrella Stand.
94 Pagatelle Board, Bedsteps, Commode.

Sale in the evening at 6.30 prompt of general Household Furniture, Shoemaker's Sewing Machine, Table Piano, &c.

R. H. FOSTER, Auctioneer and Valuer, 33, Newport-road, Middlesbrough Farm-lane, Stockton: Bridge-road, Yarm.

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Servia.....Sat., Feb 28 | Scythia.....Thur., Feb.26
Umbria.....Sat., Feb 21 | Catalonia..Thur., March 5

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION at moderate fares for first and second-class passengers, and steerage at low rates. Passengers booked through to all parts.

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Apply to the Cunard Steam Ship Company, Limited, Liverpool, or to W. W. Walker and Son, 14, Albert-road; Chas. Postgate, 15, Waterloo-road; W. Green, 51, Newport-road, Middlesbrough; T. Hull, Newgate-end, Bishop Auckland.

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REGULAR STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN HULL AND THE TEES.

The s.s. GRINKLE (450 tons) will sail from HULL every Saturday taking goods at through rates, for Middlesbrough, Stockton, and intermediate, returning to Hull every Tuesday circumstances permitting.

For freight and further particulars apply to W. H. Hutchinson & Son, Hull; J. M. Leonard & Sons, Middlesbrough; or to William Martin, Corporation Wharf, Stockton-on-Tees.

ABERDEEN, NEWCASTLE, AND HULL STEAM SHIPPING CO.

NEW WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN ABERDEEN, MIDDLESBROUGH, AND LEITH.

The s.s. Alexander Pirie, or other steamer, is intended to leave Aberdeen for Middlesbrough Every Saturday, and Middlesbrough for Leith and Aberdeen Every Tuesday (unless prevented by weather or other unforeseen circumstances), taking cargo and passengers.

For full particulars and fares apply to Wm. Stirving, Regent Quay, Aberdeen; G. Hour-ston, 6, Institution-street, Leith; or to HENRY SMITH AND CO., Post Office Chambers, Middlesbrough-on-Tees.

CANADA.—DOMINION LINE Royal Mail Steamers. Shortest route to Canada and Western States. Sailing from Liverpool weekly, and from Bristol fortnightly. Cabin Fares 10 to 15 gs.; Intermediate and Steerage at lowest rates. Apply Flint, Main, and Montgomery, Liverpool and Bristol; Jos. Parkin, 51, Newport-rd., Middlesbrough; W. T. Keay, 31-3, Sussex-st., Middlesbrough; W. Stout, 1, Silver-st., Stockton-on-Tees; D. Mackenzie, Mandale-rd., South Stockton; W. Walker and Son, Station-rd., Redcar; W. Manley, Outfitter, Marske-on-Sea; C. Oliverius, Pioneer House, Saltburn; Geo. Atwell, 22, Zetland-rd., Loftus; Jos. Parkin, Temperance Hall, Guisborough; C. H. Blewitt, 18, Nelson-st., South Bank.

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Special rates to Montreal, Toronto, Chicago, Winnipeg, Victoria, B.C., San Francisco, and all points in Canada and the States. Cheapest and most expeditious route to the Pacific Coast. Through trains daily from "Ocean to Ocean," a liberal quantity of baggage allowed free. Western bound Emigrants accompanied by a special conductor. Map of route and pamphlets free on application to Allan Brothers & Co., James-street, Liverpool, and Poyle-street, London; W. T. Keay, 31-3, Sussex-street, Middlesbrough; F. Cowland, High-street, Spennymoor; W. Shaw, High-street, Wolsingham; Thos. Hull & Son, 43, Market-place, Bishop Auckland; T. N. Bradley, 6, St. Ann's Staith Place, Whitby; Isaac Scarth, 3, Bow street, Guisborough.

STEAM TWICE A WEEK BETWEEN LONDON AND THE TEES.

THE TEES UNION SHIPPING CO.'S steamers sail from FREE TRADE WHARF, Ratcliff, London, of which wharf the Company are proprietors, every Tuesday and every Saturday afternoon at four o'clock, taking goods for Middlesbrough and Stockton and adjacent towns, and sailing each Wednesday and Saturday for London, unless prevented by any unforeseen circumstances.

Moderate charges in London. Easy rates for freight and wharfage. Regularity in sailing. Prompt despatch of goods landed by shipping steamers.

Classification lists and rates on application. A limited number of Passengers carried by each steamer. Passages should be applied for in advance. Any other information may be had on application to the Company's Offices, Middlesbrough or Stockton.

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Boys receive a thorough commercial training, and are also prepared for Civil Service, Cambridge Locals, and College of Preceptors.

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MR. BUCK, THE PEOPLE'S DENTIST,
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ELDERBERRY COUGH ELIXIR
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MORRIS'S NEW PATENT CIRCULATING FILTER.

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There are no Plugs, Screws, India-rubber Packing, or Asbestos Cloth. It can be cleaned as easily as a dish. This Filter is charged with Doulton's Manganous Carbon, which can be renewed without returning the Filter to the Manufacturers.

Recommended by Professor Wanklyn, and other experts on water, as the most scientifically perfect filter ever offered to the public.

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Cream Enamelled Stoneware Filter, 1 gall., 14/-; 2 gall., 22.6; 3 gall., 29/6; 4 gall., 36/-; 5 gall., 44/-; 6 gall., 51/- each. Carriage paid.

Testimonials, and full description of other Filters, &c., sent by post free on application.

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ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

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For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all impurities, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for restoring any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

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As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing, &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give BEECHAM'S COUGH PILLS a trial, and the most violent cough will in a short time be removed.

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THE MOST REMARKABLE REMEDY OF THE AGE,
TUDOR WILLIAMS' PATENT BALSAM OF HONEY,"
Which is winning a repute for the Relief and Cure of BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS, WINTER COUGHS, COLDS, CHILLS, CONSUMPTION,
COLD IN THE HEAD, RUNNING FROM THE NOSE AND EYES.
Thousands of Children Cured from Whooping Coughs and Bronchitis when all other remedies fail.
Persons suffering from Difficulty of Breathing should give it a trial. Wonderful Cures Daily.
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Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the World.

FEW SPECIMENS OF TESTIMONIALS.
TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION.

"I find Tudor Williams' Balsam of Honey very effectual for my children when suffering from Bronchitis and Coughs. Have tried various other preparations. Of all I find this the best. Can highly recommend to any family.—Yours truly,
"Councillor THOMAS DAVIES, Aberewmboy Farm."

A Card of Chemist states:—"I have a Larger Sale for Tudor Williams' Balsam of Honey than any other Cough Medicine. My customers speak highly of it."

READ WHAT PUBLIC MEN THINK OF IT.

"My children's Cough and Bronchitis have been completely cured on several occasions by the celebrated Tudor Williams' Balsam of Honey. The tight-breathing and pain in the chest and hoarseness they suffered was dreadful, but on taking the Balsam of Honey they had immediate ease. It acts like a charm on them. I am certain the more the Balsam is known the more it will be appreciated.—I am, sir, yours truly,
"Moseywemer." "Ald. THOMAS PHILIP WHITE.

THE PUBLIC SPEAK HIGHLY OF IT ALL OVER THE WORLD.

"A child of ours has been completely cured of a bad Cough by your Patent Balsam of Honey. His breathing was so tight, and he had such terrible pains in the chest, that we had given up all hopes of recovery. Since then I have always kept a bottle of your wonderful remedy in the house in readiness for any emergency. The children are fond of it, and take it eagerly.
"Yours truly,
"Mrs M. EDWARDS.
"19, Woodland-street, Mountain Ash."

Sold by all Chemists and Stores all over the World in 1s, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d bottles. Sample Bottle sent post paid for 1s 3d, 3s, and 5s, from the Inventor,

D. TUDOR WILLIAMS, R.D.S.L., MEDICAL HALL, ABERDARE, WALES.

BARGAINS UNPRECEDENTED
BARGAINS UNPRECEDENTED
BARGAINS UNPRECEDENTED

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

YOUR CHOICE OF

£15,000

WORTH OF DRAPERIES

(CALICOES EXCEPTED)

AT A DISCOUNT OF

3/- IN THE £ FOR CASH

AT

J. NEWHOUSE'S

DRAPERY WAREHOUSE,

WILSON-STREET.

FIRST SALE DAY FEBRUARY 14.

A QUIET CHAT.

Said Mrs Brown to Mrs Jones,
When sitting at their tea,
"I wish, just as a friend, you know,
That you would tell to me
How comes it, though your husband earns
A smaller wage than mine,
My house and home so equally looks,
While yours does fairly shine?
I spend the money carefully,
One penny I don't waste,
And yet I cannot have a home
To suit my husband's taste."
"Well I," said Mrs Jones, "was once
Just placed the same as you,
Until a friend came in one day,
And placed before my view
A Price List from the "Eagle,"
From my mind she took a load,
And I paid a visit with her
To their Stores in Newport-road.
Their Prices quite astonished me,
I could scarce believe my eyes,
As the Goods were so superior,
I was taken by surprise.
I can't explain the reason well,
But still, through many a test,
The fact is clear, the "Eagle" Goods
Are the cheapest and the best.
Their Furniture beats all in town,
My statement I can prove;
Since they've given me a happy home,
I've strengthened my husband's love.

THE

EAGLE FURNISHING CO.,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS,

30, NEWPORT-ROAD, MIDDLESBROUGH.

CASH OR EASY TERMS.

100/- WILL BE PAID TO ANY PERSON WHO BY USING

GOLDMAN'S TOOTH WATER

IS AGAIN TROUBLED WITH TOOTHACHE.

Per bottle 1/1½ and 2/3.

Wholesale Agents for the United Kingdom—Edwards and Son, 157, Queen Victoria-street, London, E.C

Retail of every Chemist and at all Stores.

LEATHER. J. ROBINSON, LEATHER.
LEATHER. 39 & 41, HILL-STREET, MIDDLESBROUGH LEATHER.
LEATHER. The Cheapest Warehouse for all kinds of LEATHER.
LEATHER. LEATHER, BOOT TOPS, NAILS, PROTECTORS, PLATES, &c. LEATHER.
LEATHER. Largest stock of Boots, Shoes, & Slippers wholesale, for the trade only, at lowest manufacturer's prices. LEATHER.
LEATHER. WEST HARTLEPOOL, CORNER OF MUSGRAVE-STREET AND SCARBOROUGH-STREET; LEATHER.
LEATHER. DARLINGTON, 493, NORTHGATE; LEATHER.
LEATHER. GRANGETOWN, WHITWORTH-ROAD. LEATHER.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

"94, Commercial-road, Peckham, July 12, 1890.

"DEAR SIR,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings on paper, but I should like to thank you, for your lozenges have done wonders for me in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation on my 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive and feeling well) performed on St. Bartholomew's Hospital for abduct, or paralysis of the vocal chords, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; indeed it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucus also, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty. I am, sir, yours truly,

"Mr T. Keating." "J. HILL.

MEDICAL NOTE.

The above speaks for itself. From first enquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The operation was a specially severe one, and was performed by the specialists, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation the only means of relief is the use of these Lozenges. So successful are they that one patient has found such benefits, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense. Mr Hill kindly allowed any reference to be made to him.

Sold everywhere in tins, 1/1½ each. The unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES.

CURE FOR TIC-DOLOREUX OR PAIN IN THE TEETH, FACE, AND HEAD, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, &c.

BARLOW'S CELEBRATED POWDERS quickly remove these painful complaints. They contain nothing injurious, but are conducive to health and invigorating. Testimonials from well-known Philanthropists, Medical Men, Military Officers, Clergy, and other Ministers, who have given extensive distribution to this sterling remedy, post free.

The Powders are sent, post paid, on receipt of letter stamps, by SAMUEL BARLOW, Chemist, Darlington, and sold by most Chemists in packets at 2s 9d, 1s 6d, and 1s 1½d each.

HENRY COX, Certified Bailiff for rent, 11 and 13, Denmark-street, Middlesbrough. rl8

FEBRUARY SALE.

High street and Finkle-street, Stockton-on-Tees.

MADAM,

We beg to announce that our ANNUAL WINTER SALE is now going on, our Reliable Stock in all departments is being submitted at Great Reductions in prices to induce a clearance, particularly in Silks, Satins, Dress Materials (black and coloured), Drapery, Linens, Flannels, Mantles, Furs, Seal Coats, Millinery, Ladies' Underclothing, &c.; Carpets, Tapestry, Chenille, and Lace Curtains Linoleums, &c.

Carpets and Linoleums purchased during the Sale made and laid free of charge.

Inspection respectfully solicited.

We are, Madam,
Yours obediently,

WATSON, SONS, DIXON, & CO.

Telephone No. 4,661.

Closed on Saturdays at 2 o'clock.

INDIGESTION.—The MEDICAL REFORM SOCIETY will send FREE to all applicants an excellent BOTANIC CURE for Indigestion, Biliousness Liver Complaints, and Piles. Address—The Secretary BOTANIC INSTITUTE, NOTTINGHAM.

EPPS'S (BREAKFAST) COCOA. GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING. MADE SIMPLY WITH BOILING WATER OR MILK.

JOHN BUCHANAN, HANOVER-SQUARE BREWERY, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

AGENCIES:

A. B. WALKER AND SONS' BURTON ALES.
BALLINGALL'S FAMOUS STOUT.

SMITH'S PIANOS, 179, OXFORD ROAD, MANCHESTER.

PIANOS (new) from 10s 6d monthly } TILL
ORGANS " 5s 6d " } PAID
HARMONIUMS, " 5s " } FOR.

Second-hand instruments at lower rates.
Nothing supplied but what is of the highest quality.
Delivered free within 100 miles on receipt of first month's hire.
Write or send for price list (post free), or, what is better still, call on SMITH personally if possible.
Railway fare allowed to country customers.

North-Eastern Daily Gazette.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1891.

PROFIT SHARING.

THE report just issued by the Board of Trade on the results of profit sharing, as far as they can be ascertained, will not create much enthusiasm. It will not altogether discourage those who think they discern in the system of profit sharing a means of putting an end to all conflicts and angry disputes between capital and labour, but it will not very greatly encourage the hope that the means it provides are likely soon to be tried on a scale large enough to make any appreciable difference in the general relationship between workmen and masters. Its advance is slow, and it does not appear to have secured the affection of working men, or, indeed, of employers, to any great extent. Working men especially seem to look upon it with more or less distrust. According to the report it is only in a few isolated spots, and in a firm here and there like Cassell's Publishing concern, that the system has been adopted or patiently carried out. All agree that its establishment requires much patience, as it is only after some considerable time that the men appreciate its benefits and feel its influence in creating in their minds the sentiment, as an active conviction, that their interests are the same as the interests of their employers. The small amount of profits, probably, accruing to the workmen, together with other considerations to be mentioned just now, account for the tardy acceptance of the principle on the part of the men, and for their doubtful attitude of mind in reference to it. Certainly it must be admitted that cases are given—that of Cassell's, for instance, and the well-known one of a Parisian firm—where the system has been in operation for a period long enough to test its character, which show most excellent results. All, however, depends upon the particular form which the system takes in each case. Its success in one trade or in one firm does not guarantee its success in another in which the circumstances may be quite different. The problem is by no means so easy as it looks when we have nothing before us but the sweet and attractive simplicity of the phrase "Profit sharing." The phrase looks beautiful, gives off a scent of brotherliness, and seems to be the very touch of nature which has to make all classes kin. And indeed properly understood, and wisely and justly applied, profit sharing may do much to alleviate if not to cure the chronic tortures known as the Labour Question; and employers and workmen alike, as well as all (and that includes the whole community) interested in this vital subject, will act wisely in feeling their way in the direction of profit sharing for some help in allaying the existing irritation.

But great care will have to be taken not to prejudice the movement. It may be feared that great harm has already been done by giving the impression that profit sharing was brought forward in order to kill trades unionism. Trades unionism ought not to be killed. Like every other instrument or weapon it is liable to misuse; and, unhappily, it may assume extreme forms, which, however heroic in appearance, can only injure the cause of working men ultimately. But trades unionism is the sheet anchor of labour, and is what alone can prevent its interests from being wrecked by that selfishness which invariably comes out in all business transactions, and which will gain its ends unjustly unless prevented by adequate precautions. The South London gas strike, which was caused by an attempt to work a certain kind of profit sharing, spread the feeling widely that this plan of doling out to the men small proportions of profits was designed expressly to render combinations among themselves an impossibility. That such a feeling should exist, and still more if there should be just cause for it, is nothing less than a disaster. One of the conditions of the success of the new system is that it must not in any way check or interfere with trades unionism. It may be considered quite certain that if the men have before them the alternative of profit sharing on the one hand and unionism on the other they will in an overwhelming majority choose trades unionism. We think they would be right. But if this new method, without coming into collision with the just rights of workmen, can gradually bring about a state of things fostering mutual feelings of confidence between masters and men so as to render unionism unnecessary, or extract from it all its bitterness, well and good. Let it be tried, and if it can live, can survive other methods, or maintain its place amongst them as a useful influence, it will confer upon society an invaluable blessing. But its action must be honest and sincere. There is in addition to the objection just stated a fear lest it should be had recourse to solely to incite the workers to greater industry entirely in the interests of their employers. Unquestionably working men ought to be industrious and do an honest day's work with profit sharing or without. The greatest enemies of working men are those in their own ranks who either dawdle through their tasks or do scamped work. But there is such a thing as giving a sprat to catch a whale; and if the small fractions of profit offered to the workers are accompanied with huge additional gains to the capitalist, the system thus built upon deception will not tend to produce greater harmony and confidence. The question arises, "What is for the men a fair share of profits?" Effusive persons write enthusiastically in favour of profit sharing, hail it as the panacea of all our social maladies, denounce everybody that even hints a fault or hesitates dislike; and all the time they never face the question as to what constitutes a fair share of profits. The smallest proportion they seem to think ought to be eagerly accepted by the men even when hampered with conditions which destroy their liberty. Honestly intended, the profits calculated on a just basis, not associated with the abandonment of any rights, the system of profit sharing may prove very useful; but it will fail disastrously if it be meant by employers merely as a weapon of attack.

As a matter of fact, all the schemes and movements for bettering the financial conditions of the working classes are schemes and movements for securing for them a larger share than they get at present of the profits of the labour in which they are engaged. The only difference among them all is a difference of method; the object in every case is the same, and that is to obtain for workers a larger share of the wealth they produce. Socialism seeks this object through the destruction of the capitalist class. Trades unionism seeks to accomplish the same thing by bringing to bear upon employers the force of combination which will cause them to yield to workmen a larger proportion of profits than they otherwise would. Sliding scales, which at one time promised to afford a self-acting settlement of all disputes, were designed expressly for the purpose of fairly apportioning profits. And what is now called profit sharing closely resembles in many particulars the system of sliding scales. But it is supposed to possess the peculiar advantage of being a direct inducement to the men to do work of good quality and in sufficient quantity and also to cause them to feel that they are partners in the concern. Subject to the explanation we have offered these two objects are bothhighly desirable. Working men, like other human beings, are all the better when influences favourable to industry and honest work are brought to bear upon them in as many forms as possible. So far as profit sharing influences workmen at all in these two directions it will be favourable, when they believe that the whole thing is not a dodge for getting more work out of them than they ought to give. But after all to what extent, under the most favourable circumstances, are they likely to be influenced by such considerations? A man dishonestly disposed, who is a very small shareholder in a railway company, will not be deterred by that fact from taking advantage of the company for his own separate advantage. The amount he will lose in dividend will be nothing to the amount he either gains or thinks he gains by his sharp practice. The weakness in co-operative production has hitherto been that each worker has been apt to regard the fact of his being one of the concern as a reason for taking it easy and trusting to all the others to make up for his slackness. Profit sharing properly understood and rightly applied has in it the possibilities of good. It ought to be encouraged, and by slow degrees it is capable of producing better sentiments as to the dignity and honesty of work.

THE Argentine Republic has other troubles besides its financial ones. The town of Cordova has narrowly escaped complete destruction from the bursting of a canal. During the night of December 20 the dyke of the canal passing by or through the town gave way, and many of the streets were almost instantaneously inundated to the depth of several feet. Upwards of 150 persons perished in the catastrophe, and the damage to property is estimated at three million dollars.

M. DE FREYCINET, the French Prime Minister and Minister of War, is a man of ideas which in former times have cost his country many millions sterling, although it cannot be fairly said that the outlays he incurred as Minister of Public Works have been unproductive. His latest grand idea is the formation of a distinct Colonial army capable of supplying an expeditionary corps of from 15,000 to 20,000 men. The force would be composed principally of volunteers for five years. But the Republic already feels itself financially overburdened, and partly from this cause and partly because colonisation is not popular with the French people, it is possible that the Chamber of Deputies will veto the scheme if it ever be practically proposed.

DR. DAWSON BURNS, of the United Kingdom Alliance, in an interesting statistical letter on the National Drink Bill for 1890, tells us that the people of the United Kingdom expended for intoxicating liquors last year the sum of £139,495,470—in round numbers 139½ millions sterling. He calculates that as the population of the United Kingdom was estimated for the middle of 1890 at 38,227,321, these figures show an average expenditure per head of £3 13s upon intoxicating liquors, or per family of

THE SUPPOSED CAPTURE OF THE "RIPPER."

THE MAN NOT RECOGNISED.

A FURTHER ARREST.

In connection with the arrest recorded on the Exchange page, a telegram at three o'clock says: A man, at St. Katherine's Docks, who saw the woman at St. Katherine's Docks, who saw the woman with a man a quarter of an hour before the discovery of her body, was taken to Leman-street Police Station, but he failed to recognise the woman's companion.

A SECOND ARREST.

A fresh arrest has since been made another arrest of a prominent person at Lan Bridge Station at two o'clock, and he was at once taken to Leman-street Police Station also.

ANOTHER HORRIBLE MURDER

A HUSBAND BATTERS HIS WIFE TO DEATH.

A Holmanchester correspondent telegraphs:—

Mr. Samuel Mason, who keeps a small shop in Oldham, murdered his wife by beating her about the head and face with a broomstick. She only survived a few minutes three hours. Mason, who is charged before the Magistrates and remanded on a charge of wilful murder. Mason and his wife were married only seventy years of age.

AN INTERESTING MARRIAGE.

The civil marriage of Mademoiselle Jeanne Hugo, grand daughter of Victor Hugo, and M. Lockroy, son of the celebrated novelist, took place on Thursday evening in the Mairie at Passy, the aristocratic quarter of Paris. Hundreds of impatient spectators thronged the building, even the stairs being occupied and rendered almost impassable, so that the guests provided with invitation cards had the greatest possible difficulty in obtaining admission. The invitations included many political and literary celebrities, among them MM. Clemenceau, Floquet, Alexandre Dumas, Renan, and Jules Lemaitre. The Mairie was splendidly decorated with flowers and the floral decorations had been arranged and upholstered the celebrated Mademoiselle Hugo, who looked strikingly effective in white, entered leaning upon the arm of Lockroy, her step-father. In the course of the ceremony M. Jules Simon delivered a lengthy speech, in which he congratulated the bride upon having inspired, and the bridegroom upon having composed, the numerous masterpieces—"l'Art d'être Grand-père" a work which had made him famous all over the country in which his writings had not yet been very generally appreciated. During the ceremony an orchestra rendered a selection of appropriate music, in accordance with a quite recent innovation at the civil marriages of the aristocracy. An almost interminable procession of friends pressed forward to the platform to congratulate the newly-wedded pair and relatives. After the bride and bridegroom left the building the guests at once they were received by the crowd with marks of sympathy and admiration. It is the custom for the bridal pair to dispense with the religious ceremony altogether.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The Speaker took the chair shortly after three o'clock yesterday.—A private Bill, the Nelson's Pillar (Dublin) Bill, which stood for the second reading, aroused the antagonistic feelings of Irish-men on the opposite side of the House on the question of national interest. The object of the Bill was for the removal of the Nelson monument from its present prominent position in Sackville street to another less prominent position in Dublin. The proposal to remove the statue caused the traffic.—Mr MACARTNEY strongly opposed the Bill from the Irish Conservative bench, and declared that the question of obstruction was foolish and futile. Mr MACARTNEY compared the artistic merits of The Duke and Nelson monuments, and declared that the latter had not the artistic merits of the former.—(Nationalist laughter)—yet it served good useful purposes as a shelter from the traffic. The Corporation of Dublin merely desired by this Bill to remove from traffic to throw a veil over their own shortcomings.—(Irish Conservative cheers.) He moved the rejection of the Bill.—Mr JOHNSTON formally seconded the motion.—Mr SEXTON denied that there was any political design at the bottom of this proposal.—(Cheers.) If there were such an animus behind it would be most provided in regard to the manner of ascending the statue of James II. The Corporation had just spent money to remove the unsightly condition. (Ministerial cheers.) Mr. A. TAYLOR said he had made no inference of party spirit.—(Cries" and cheers.)—Mr SEXTON: Even so well have political out of the question. Mr. Taylor said Mr. Balfour had been approached by inconvenering traders. Who were the promoters? Among them were the London and North-Western Railway Company. (Cheers and laughter.) The First Commissioner of Works (Mr. Plunkett) was a concern thus decried? (Renewed cheers and laughter.) Other promoters were Sir Arthur Guinness, Son, and Co., and the successors of Messrs. Smith and Co. (Loud Laughter.) To think that the Lord Lord's Successors as "buccaneering adventurers" (laughter). Proceeding the Irish gentleman spoke of the Nelson pillar having supported on the one side by the tram companies and on the other by the fire escape. (Loud laughter.) That was a work of considerable dignity. (Renewed laughter.)—Colonel NOLAN and Mr. SEXTON supported the Bill.—Mr. SEXTON opposed, and Mr T. D. SULLIVAN and Mr. Murphy supported the Bill.—Admiral FIELD, a naval officer, protested against this Bill. He hoped sentiment was not altogether dead in this country—(laughter)—and monuments of our naval heroes were not so many that they could afford to lose this "sermon in stone." (Renewed laughter.) If the streets were made enough let 'em pull down some other shops. (Renewed laughter.—After a few remarks supported, and General FRASER and Mr. HARCOURT opposed the Bill.—Mr Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett moved the adjournment of the debate, in order that what better argument could they adduce of the necessity for Home Rule than the presence of Commons would not let the affairs of Dublin deal with an institution which their own trade." (Laughter.) Mr. Healy, "do what you like and have the blessing." (Cheers and laughter.)—Mr. Ashmead-Bartlett's motion was negatived by 151 votes to 98, and the House rose at two minutes before three hours. Mason, who is charged her injuries to death, was arrested and brought to be of weak mind, was arrested and before the Magistrates and remanded on a charge of wilful murder. Mason and his wife were married only seventy years of age.

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North Country News.

TO NIGHT!—Try Willis's 3/6 Hats, 1/- Ties. "The Great White Hat," 25, Newport-road.—ADVT.

CONSUMPTION.—Dr. Koch Cures Consumption. Harburn's Pectoral Balsam prevents it. See Page 4.—ADVT.

William Reid will Show on Monday in his Cannon-street Windows Extraordinary Lines in Black Cashmere and French Merinos.—ADVT.

Mr. Tim Healy, M.P., has promised to address a meeting in the Exchange Hall, Stockton, on the 14th March.

NORTON (STOCKTON) BIRD SHOW.—The result of this show, held at the opening of the year, is that the Society, after meeting all expenses, have about £10 to the good.

NEWPORT-ROAD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Anniversary Services to-morrow. Preacher, the Rev. Hugh Hogerson, of Warkworth. At 10.30 and 6.30. Anthems by the choir.—ADVT.

TO-MORROW!—Centenary Chapel (Market-place). Preacher, 10.30, Rev. P. J. Cocking: 2.30, Adult Bible Class, Rev. W. J. Boote; 6.30, Mr H. Sweby. Come!—ADVT.

Crossley Brothers' New Horizontal Otto Engine (without slides) can be seen working any day at All. Hall's Printing Works, behind Cleveland-terrace, Middlesbrough.—ADVT.

SOUTH STOCKTON FREE LIBRARY.—The contract for erecting this building has been let to Messrs Johnson and Hanby, Stockton. The architect is Mr H. Weatherill, Stockton, who will supervise the carrying out of the work.

RAPER, Harrison, and Co.—Smart and Co., of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, receive pupils every Thursday, from 3 till 9, at the Oddfellows' Hall, Middlesbrough, for instruction in Penmanship, Book-keeping, Shorthand, Arithmetic, &c.—ADVT.

Owing to a large arrival of Boys' Odd Garments (Knickers and Jackets suitable for school wear), sale will be Continued 10 Days Longer. All Goods Reduced except Cash Prices. Meles. Levy's, Bridge-street, Middlesbrough.—ADVT.

DROWNING FATALITY NEAR YARM.—Yesterday a man named Henry Smith was found drowned in the Tees near Yarm by two men named O'Shaughnessy and Garbutt. He had gone down the Tees with his boat for sand, and the loaded boat was found on the bottom of the river on Thursday. Deceased is supposed to have fallen over whilst anchoring his boat.

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FOOTBALL.

THIS DAY'S PLAY.

ASSOCIATION.

SUNDERLAND v. NOTTS FOREST.
[ENGLISH CUP.]

To say that this game was not looked upon with some anxiety by the Wearside club's supporters would be false, for there were many who to-day thought that Sunderland would be dismissed from the competition. The majority were, however, disturbed by no such fear, and, knowing as they did that the Sunderland players are almost invincible on their own ground, they felt confident of the ability of their pets to reach the semi-finals if they do not ultimately carry off the cup itself. The Wearside club had knocked out Everton 1—0, and Darwen 2—0, while Forest had pulverised Clapton by 14 goals to nil, and then after playing two drawn games with Sunderland Albion had defeated that club on neutral ground by, no doubt on account of 5 goals to 0, so that in the four matches they had scored 23 goals to 4. The respective records of the clubs up to to-day stood:—Sunderland, 35 games played, 20 won, 7 drawn, 8 lost, goals for 70, against 46. Forest 34 played, 18 won, 11 drawn, 5 lost, 116 goals for, 46 against. Teams:—

	POSITION.	Notts Forest:
DOIG	Goal	HOLLAND.
PORTEOUS	Back (right)	EARP.
OLIVER	Back (left)	A. SCOTT.
WILSON	Half-back (right)	WALKER.
AULD	Half-back (centre)	RUSSELL.
MURRAY	Half-back (left)	A. SMITH.
WYLIE	Forward (outside right)	McCALLUM.
MILLER	Forward (inside right)	D. SMITH.
CAMPBELL	Forward (centre)	A. HIGGINS.
HANNAH	Forward (left inside)	T. LINDLEY.
J. SCOTT	Forward (outside left)	SHAW.

Referee, Mr W. H. Jope (Wednesbury).

There were nearly 20,000 spectators. Notts won the toss, and had the assistance of the wind. At the last moment Murray was substituted for Gillespie, who was the rule until twenty minutes from the start, when

MILLER SCORED THE FIRST GOAL FOR SUNDERLAND

amid great enthusiasm. The game proceeded for some time afterwards in a most determined fashion, Notts appearing to have a little the best of the play, but at times Sunderland pressed their opponents hard. A Scott was winded by May whilst these two men were trying to head the ball, but Pigg has the bottom of the river on Thursday. Deceased is supposed to have fallen over whilst anchoring his boat.

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BISHOP AUCKLAND TOWN v. PORT CLARENCE.
[DURHAM CUP.—SECOND ROUND.]

This tie, by order of the Durham Association F.C. Committee, was replayed to-day on the cricket field, Bishop Auckland. It will be remembered that the teams met on Saturday last, when the ground was not reach Auckland until an hour and a half after the advertised time, when the home men where cold and tired out, and the spectators absolutely disgusted at the contretemps. The game was only commenced as a Cup tie under protest, and eventually, with eighteen minutes to play, the referee (Mr H. Gray, of Darlington) stopped the game owing to the darkness. With no goals having been scored on either side. The home club on that occasion had a very weakened team, Bousfield, Fairless, and Brown being absent. Fairless is lame, and was unable to take his place even in the team to-day, whilst Brown, of the forward rank, is still under the ban of the English Association and could not be played. Although the team was a very weak one it was expected that the homesters would pull through. But the unexpected happened. The visitors not only played up well, but they had a strong wind, and although the Auckland forwards, for the first twenty minutes, swarmed round their goal, the backs and goal-keeper did their work so well that it was next to impossible to get the ball between the sticks. Towards the finish the Haverton Hill men played up strongly, and had their lines indeed in not scoring. Auckland expected that they would have got home, and the Clarence secretary, in the letter which he sent to the secretary of the Durham Association admitted that according to the rules they were out of it, but in spite of those mysterious manipulations of rules which has characterised the Durham Association where Auckland has been concerned, and which has created so much prejudice, the tie was ordered to be replayed. So far as Auckland was concerned, to-day's team was little stronger than it was last Saturday; Bousfield was in the team, but he injured his leg in the first match at Durham on Wednesday, and it was not expected that he would be so reliable at back as on former occasions.—Bishop Auckland: Goal, Shotton; backs, Dunn and Mitchell; half-backs, Goodfellow, G. H. Strachan, and Manners; forwards, Hilton, Race, Gibbons, Pallister, and Lodge. Port Clarence: Goal, Cogan; backs, Piercey and Nicholson; half-backs, Bishop, Brown, and R. Piercey; forwards, Loughran, Lipthorpe, J. Loughran, Whinn, and Blencoe. The game commenced at three, and as soon as visitors began to press, but could not score. Then Auckland got the ball on the left wing and forced a corner, which was nicely played by Pallister, and Hilton headed, but the ball just striking the cross-bar. Port Clarence got the ball down the field, when Lodge gave hands. Auckland soon forced another corner, which again proved futile, and the ball continued to press, and after the ball had been taken from mid-field by Gibbon, who passed to Pallister, who centred to Hilton, who headed to Gibbon who put in a splendid shot, but Cogan saved

CHIPS.

Negroes and Indians rarely if ever become bald.

In a game of whist the chances against holding seven trumps are 160 to 1.

The oldest musical association in Europe is the Madrigal Society founded in 1741 by John Immyns.

London contains sixty-seven parishes, and only twenty-three of them have adopted the Free Libraries Act.

It may interest those who have never weighed a million of gold to know that, including the packing, it turns the scales at about eight tons.

Two of the daughters of the Lord Mayor of London are deaf and dumb, but have been so thoroughly educated in the oral system in Holland that they can, by lip reading, understand the play at the theatre.

Madame Sara Bernhardt expects to come back from her next American tour a millionaire. Her engagement is for two years, and is to embrace the two Americas. She is to get £40 a day for hotel expenses, and £120 for each representation—plus the third of what may be taken at the doors.

When the bearers raised the coffin at the funeral of the Duke of Bedford it was felt to be very heavy, although the corpse had been cremated. It was subsequently learnt that the Duke had left instructions that a large piece of lead should be placed in it, with a statement of the cremation, in case on the coffin being opened some centuries hence any suspicion should arise from its being discovered to be empty.

Here is an instance of the difficulties attending census operations in Bengal. A "Handi"—that is, a family—is the present unit of the census system, but the word also means a cooking-pot. An enumerator received instructions to count the "handis" in his block, and he accordingly walked into a house and began to count the cooking-pots of the alarmed householder, under the idea that he was thus forwarding the census operations. This is an actual incident, vouched for by a census officer.

Mr Bret Harte is at present in a secluded nook a little way out of London hard at work on a new story of some length. He is a steady worker, and only stops for an hour's walk every day. When at work his diet is simple. He retires early and, unlike Charles Lamb, gets up early too, sometimes working for two or three hours before he has his morning coffee, eggs, and rolls. When he places his manuscript in the hands of his publisher he considers his labours finished, for Mr Bret Harte does not love proof-reading.

The marriage ceremony practised by the people of Borneo is very short and simple. Bride and groom are brought out before the assembled tribe with great solemnity, and seated side by side. A betel-nut is then cut in two by the medicine-woman of the tribe, and one-half is given to the bride and the other half to the groom. They begin to chew the nut, and then the old woman, after some sort of incantation, knocks their heads together, and they are declared man and wife.

A petition is being circulated in the Houses of Parliament which earnestly prays the Government to favourably consider the case of Mrs James Grant, widow of the author of "The Romance of War," and many another popular military novel and historical work. Among the Scotch Peers who have attached their signatures are the Dukes of Buccleuch, Abercorn, and Fife, and Lords Wemyss and Lothian. The Duke of Norfolk, Lord Wolseley, and Lord Chelmsford have also signed it.

The question of "What is an aristocrat?" is not easy to answer. But the following conversation between two London street arabs is suggestive of a solution:—Scene: The outside of a grocer's window. First Boy: "What's them green things in a bottle?" Second Boy: "Olives. Can't you see it's wrote on the label?" First Boy: "Well, what's olives?" Second Boy: "Oh! things what the aristocracy eat." First Boy: "And what's the aristocracy?" Second Boy: "Why, them folks what eats anything."

A benevolent lady, living in a fashionable West End street, took upon herself this winter to establish an amateur soup-kitchen, and with this object placed her services at the disposal of a ticket-distributing society. Of the eight persons who appeared for relief, only one, a crippled woman, remained a constant customer—four not liking a up, two annexing jugs lent to them, and the last, a small boy, abandoning his claim under the following circumstances. He was a crossing-sweeper in a great square hard by, and on being interviewed by the lady confessed that his earnings amounted to as much as 16s a week, while his mother could gain half-a-crown a day by charing. "And do you think you ought to come here for soup?" asked the giver of broth. "Well, no, I don't," replied the lad, "and that's a fact, ma'am. But," he added, as a kind of happy thought, "if you'll only give me a penny every time you walks my crossing, you can eat the soup yourself!"

The Mohammedan's scorn of women is the logical out one of his religion, which refuses to recognise their claim as human beings deserving of respect. As they are of use to man, they are worth food and shelter, but they are no in the least entitled to standing ground at his side. The Countess Cowper, in "A Month in Palestine," gives an instance, far more telling than any sermon, of this dreadful state of things. "I was told by a Christian in Cairo that he was once walking with a well-to-do Mohammedan, with whom he was intimate, and who had often discussed with him the different position of women in their respective sects. As they passed an old, veiled figure in the street, who shrank on one side out of their way, the follower of the Prophet delivered a passing but well-directed kick at her. 'There,' said the Christian, 'that is what I complain of. You kick a woman as we should not kick even a dog.' *'That'* said his companion, with a look of genuine astonishment, 'why, that is only my mother!'"

Mrs Mary Lowell, says *Iron*, is known in New York as the "Electrical Star," and lately turned her love for electrical engineering to practical account. She was without a servant, and determined to try whether she could not light the kitchen fire by means of a tame flash of electricity, so to speak, and then let it burn up before she got up herself. She fitted up wires to and from her bedhead to the kitchen grate, thus completing an electric current with the aid of a small battery, and all that then remained to be done was to so "build" the fire that the materials should more easily ignite. The wires were connected by a piece of platinum, and round this there was loosely wrapped what firework makers call "lightning paper." Over this again was strewn some tissue paper, upon it placed a wheel of firewood, and on the latter the coal. At seven in the morning, when the fire had to be lit, the current was sent by Mrs Lowell through the wires. The platinum lit the lightning paper, then the tissue, the tissue the firewood, and the firewood the coal. When Mrs Lowell descended to the kitchen the kettle was boiling, and the place comfortably warm. The lady thinks she has done quite something towards the solution of the servant girl question, with which housekeepers in America are more troubled than some of us here have any idea of.

There has been quite a buzz of comment aroused in New York Society about a Royal crown worn by Mrs Vanderbilt at the opera the other evening. The crown was a real, unmistakable crown, not a tiara by any means, and is, according to her friends, made in exact duplicate of the British crown. Mrs Vanderbilt has, indeed, two crowns. The one made in imitation of Queen Victoria's crown was got up after some patriotic hesitation by a London jeweller. The other one is the crown of a German Princess, purchased from the one-time regal and legal owner by Mrs Vanderbilt herself. The purchaser has every necessary guarantee of its genuineness. She does not wear it regularly, because the Princess was somewhat obscure, and the crown does not fit her as well as the British one does. The crown that Mrs Vanderbilt has worn at the opera and which she has previously worn at some Society affairs is a glorious arrangement in pearls and diamonds, rising in a very stately and picturesque fashion from the head. It would make half-a-dozen tiaras, and it is said to have cost 30,000 dollars. The design is very graceful. The crowns worn by Mrs Seward Webb and Mrs Ogden Mills are not so costly as is Mrs Vanderbilt's crown, but they are first-class articles, made in the best style, riveted throughout, and warranted, so far as the number and quality of the jewels are concerned, equal to any of the minor crowns of Europe. There is a story about a fourth crown, whose owner was so frightened by the irreverent references made to the three crowns already in evidence that she will not put it on her head and go out with it. For the present she simply wears it in front of her dressing-glass, and then carefully goes out without it.

THE WHITECHAPEL CRIME.

REPORTED ARREST OF THE "RIPPER."

Not only London but all England rings to-day with the story of the fearful crime in Chambers-street, Whitechapel, which seems to indicate, only too plainly, that the monstre whom the lower classes have christened by the suggestive name of "Jack the Ripper" has made a reappearance and a recommencement of his diabolical crimes. True, the body was not mutilated in the way that the previous victims had been, but this is fully explained by the fact that the officer who discovered the body must have disturbed the murderer in his work. Constable Thompson, who is a young officer recently drafted into the division, approached the entrance to the archway, it would seem, just as the victims throat had been cut, and apparently when the miscreant was about to carry out his practice of mutilation. Indeed, the officer states that he

HEARD THE SOUNDS OF RETREATING FOOTSTEPS

before his suspicions were aroused. He had passed the spot fifteen minutes previously, and there was no one there. At the Royal Mint-street end of the thoroughfare the beat of another constable, *H* 139, passes. This officer went by after two o'clock. In Royal Mint-street, within full view of the entrance to the archway, is the Royal Mint refinery, of which Mr Alfred de Rothschild is the principal. Here a plain clothes officer is kept on watch all night. He was there at his post yesterday morning, but he and the others saw nothing at all. The place is notorious as a resort of women of the unfortunate class, despite the efforts of the police to keep them away. In fact, two women were arrested for loitering at this spot earlier in the night by one of the constables who assisted to remove the body. When found by P.C. Thompson, the woman was lying upon her back in such a manner as to suggest that she had been murdered under the archway. Her hair was dishevelled, as though she had been engaged in a struggle. The victim could only have been murdered

A FEW SECONDS BEFORE HE ARRIVED,

The warm blood was still gushing from the throat with each expiring breath. She rolled her eyes once or twice. Her lips moved slightly; but no sound came from them. She tried to move her arm, but in a few seconds all was still. From the appearance of the wound the throat appears to have been cut by a left-handed person. It will be remembered that the appearance of the wounds of the previous victims went to prove that the murderer was left-handed. The gashes are rough and hacked. "Jack" always used to do this part of his business with one clean, sweeping cut. This time the wound looks as though the murderer had hurriedly made several attempts or had used a jagged-edged knife. The news of the murder was soon made known to the police force of the district, and in a very short space of time the place was swarming with detectives. All there was for them to see when they got there was a great ghastly pool of decomposing blood lying in the roadway, and slowly trickling along the gutter on either side. Bull's eye lights were thrown on it and all around. But there was nothing to be seen but blood. The bull's-eye searched the walls, but there was no writing this time. Buckets of water were fetched and a broom, and as the blood was washed away every drop was watched by a dozen pair of eyes to see if perchance it carried some bit of possible evidence. But there was none. When the blood had been removed there remained no trace of the crime except the little female figure with the gaping throat lying in the mortuary, and after the search was finished, and the people were permitted to pass through the gardens, all there was for them to see was a rough mark of a cross cut by a policeman on the wooden hoarding against which the deed was done, to mark the spot of "Jack the Ripper's" latest terrible and mysterious manifestation. Jack himself has returned into space.

A FATAL APPOINTMENT.

A singular fact about the case is that very little trace can be gathered of the woman's movements on that fatal Thursday night. The more credible statements were made by a man commonly known in the district as "Jumbo," and by William Friday, John and Joe Kempton, in the employ of the Great Northern Railway Company, who asserted that they saw the murdered woman speaking to a man at 1.25 a.m. at the corner of Rosemary-lane, near the scene of the murder. The man they described as wearing a brown coat and a brown hat, his height being about 5ft. 9in., and he was of stout build. The three last-named men went to some stables close by, where they remained about 35 minutes, and on returning found a constable in charge of the body. According to one man who resided in the locality, the murdered woman was seen in company with another woman drinking in a public-house near Swallow Gardens at about half-past twelve on Thursday night. The deceased is stated to have said that she had so meet someone at the Arch at this half-hour. The statement given goes to show that the woman kept her appointment, which in all probability was with her murderer. The police are inclined to believe that the woman's throat was cut as she was standing, and that the wound on the head was caused when she fell to the ground. Jumbo's statement is that he had gone half-way through the arch when his attention was attracted by two figures standing against the wooden partition. He did not observe these until he almost touched them, and then, naturally startled by what was almost an apparition at that hour of the night, he halted a moment, and looked in the face of each. They neither spoke, and he passed on into Royal Mint street. He is believed to have declared to the police that he could identify the man if brought face to face with him.

IDENTIFICATION OF THE WOMAN.

According to one account the deceased woman has been recognised as an unfortunate, well known in the neighbourhood of Tower Hill as "Carrotty Nell." Another statement is that shortly before three o'clock a woman presented herself at the mortuary in White-chapel-road, and stated that she wished to see the body, as she believed she could recognise it. She was, however, informed that she would have to get an order from the police before she could be permitted to view the remains. Accordingly she went to Leman-street Police Station, and, having satisfied the authorities that her request was a *bona-fide* one, was taken by Sergeant Doolan to the mortuary. On seeing the body she asserted that it was that of a woman she was in the habit of walking the streets with, and who sometime ago lived in Thrawl-street, Spitalfields. Her name was either Francis or Frances, but whether it was a surname or Christian name the woman could not say. She had not, she added, seen the deceased for some time past. Two or three women were also able to certify the body as that of a young woman whom the Salvation Army endeavoured to reclaim, and who frequently slept at the Army Shelter in the White-chapel-road. These women saw her alive for the last time on Monday. The mortuary is now being frequently visited by females, and some pathetic scenes have been witnessed as the women have come out after seeing the terrible injuries the victim has sustained. It is not without a great mental struggle that they brace themselves up for the ordeal, so great is their horror of these crimes, which they feel may any night have themselves for victims. Indeed, one woman was easily persuaded not to go to the death chamber. She had expressed the belief that she knew the victim—for an acquaintance of hers who was in mourning had not been seen by her since Thursday night—but with tears in her eyes another middle-aged woman influenced her not to go. "You know that them as goes to see his bodies are always his next victims," she said; and this superstition effectually decided the first woman to forego her visit to the mortuary.

ALLEGED COMPLETE IDENTIFICATION.

Telegraphing later, the Central News says the police have obtained information which leaves practically little doubt that the name of the latest victim of "Jack the Ripper" is Frances Coleman, who is believed to have relatives in the West of England. She has led a wandering and irregular life, and has been well known in the Whitechapel district for some time past. Her last known place of abode was a lodging-house in White's-row, Whitechapel.

"TEN MINUTES IN MURDERLAND."

Under this grimly-suggestive heading a London correspondent writes describing the scene yesterday, when the discovery of the crime had become more generally known. He says:—"The tunnel in which the foul deed was done is crowded with sightseers. It is like a corner of Tussaud's on Bank Holiday. A chalk cross marks the fatal spot, and that is what they crane their necks and strain their eyeballs to see. Hither come the porters off the job; hither come the postmen off the beat; hither come the railway guards; hither come the draymen. And, most of all, hither came the women, a blowsy, tousley crew, with mouth agape, and stridently discuss the deed. Hither the mother brings her children; in arms, at her breast, or by her side. 'All free, Lizzie, they makes no hextry charge,' says Mrs Boozy to Mrs Blowsy. 'A pretty how'd'ye do, hain't it?' 'My word, Betsy, and it might ha bin you or me.' 'That's right, Lizzie. Whose turn next? that's wot I say. Wot's the use o' the likes o' you?' scoffing at the poor policeman. Here the interesting couple is joined by a group of workgirls, who begin to exchange some lively banter with a postman. 'He'll 'ave *you* next, Mary,' tickling her with his forefinger. And Mary tittered at the mere idea of such a jape joke. 'An' just to think as how he may be amongst the crowd now a-lookin' on at this very mominh!' Here I was accosted by a genial drayman. 'Av' a drink along o' me, guv'nor,' said he; 'You a newspaper man and won't 'av a drink?—*not along o' me*—that's it. Put it down, I'm drunk,' which I do. Pleasantly tipsy, from drowning his sorrow. All black Jack. 'Come, change yer mind, now won't yer?' I explained as soothingly as possible that I had no objection to a drink after I had viewed the body. I should want it then, but the genial drayman had a thirst on him which, he said, required instant treatment. So we shook hands cordially, and he lurched away down the tunnel. The geography and topography of this tunnel is doubtless explained elsewhere. It is a tunnel bisected by a wooden hoarding, bound together by rusty iron bands. The timber is painted black, and shines with grease. The spot itself is right in the middle of the tunnel, at the further end of which is a children's school. On the left of this is a number of open arches, grimy, weather-stained, and horrible. There is a small court lower down, in which the washing of the neighbourhood is fluttering in the wind; and round the curve again are more arches. A more convenient place for a murder you would never find. It has as many passages as a rabbit warren. It is only eleven o'clock, but, as I have said, the tunnel and approaches are blocked with the foulest crew of men and women, who evidently rejoiced in the unusual excitement. The variety of hats and bonnets, the selection of shawls, ulsters, and feathers; the studies in neck-cloths and petticoats—all these were endless. Most of the men despised braces, but showed an astonishing taste in waistbelts. Waistbelts fastened with serpents; one with an old padlock, and shiny greasy straps. The ladies who met this morning, too, most of them despised corsets, and adopted a loose and easy form of attire. The odour of beer, fried fish, gin, tobacco, and locomotive smoke was one of the most curious atmospheric mixtures my nostrils ever encountered. I counted three young women with a black eye each; one old woman had only one eye, and that was discoloured. You see the ladies were strenuous lot, though they *had* half an hour to spare this morning. The sun was shining brightly on the mouth of the tunnel. There was a 'good old murder,' as one of the crowd called it; the wind was warm, there was a chalk cross to see 'all for nothink.' Many a British workman went without his dinner this morning, I dare swear, to judge from the number of jugs and baskets which lingering housewives carried in their hands. The strains of a distant barrel-organ, the raucous cries of the newsmen in the tunnel, where they stopped to get the benefit of the echo, the ringing of a peal of church bells, the laughter of the factory girls, the cries of the children coming out of the school at the tunnel mouth, all mingled together, and contributed to make my stay on the scene of the murder a very lively ten minutes."

REPORTED CAPTURE OF "JACK THE RIPPER."

The Press Association, telegraphing this afternoon, says—The police have arrested a man

WITH BLOOD ON HIS CLOTHES

who was seen with the murdered woman a quarter of an hour before the discovery of the body. They believe him to be the "Ripper."

A later telegram says:—The police have made what is regarded as a most important arrest. They have discovered at the docks a man for whom they have been seeking a considerable time, and who was seen with the murdered woman a quarter of an hour before the discovery of her body, and in him the police believe they have secured the notorious "Jack the Ripper." The arrest took place at the docks about half-past twelve this afternoon, the prisoner being

A MAN NAMED THOMAS SADDLER,

a ship's fireman. He has been regarded with suspicion for some time past. He was taken to Leman street Police Station, and there examined.

THE SILKSWORTH STRIKE.

IMPORTANT MEETING AT DURHAM.

THE MEN WILL REMAIN OUT.

A special meeting of the council of the Durham Miners' Association was held to-day to consider the subject of the Silksworth strike. All the collieries were specially requested to instruct their delegates on the matter as to how they should vote, so that a final vote could be taken on the subject. Four questions were submitted by the council—viz., (1) Shall the men continue idle? (2) Are the men to return to work? (3) Shall the committee have full power to make a final settlement? (4) Will you appoint a deputation of the Council to settle the matter? The discussion on these points lasted nearly three hours, and it was finally resolved by 229 votes to 138 that the men should continue idle. The stumbling block in the settlement of the question is the so-called "Deputies' Association." The deputies are doing more than deputy work, and the impression amongst the miners is that the Deputies' Association is not a genuine trade organisation, but a society in which the masters are interested, more or less. It was also decided at to-day's meeting to leave to the Committee of the Durham Miners' Association the question of arranging as to whether or not a ballot of all Lord Londonderry's collieries should be taken with a view of all those collieries being laid idle. It was likewise agreed that a special levy should be put upon every man and upon every boy in the county towards the support of the Silksworth men. The result of the Council meeting was telegraphed to the Coalowners' Association, and it is assumed that the evictions at Silksworth Colliery will take place on next Monday as appointed.

WORKINGTON IRONWORKERS GIVEN NOTICE.

The employees at the West Cumberland Iron and Steel Works, Workington, to-day received notice to cease work at the end of next week. They number 1,400. The firm has no orders for steel rails, and the managers say they can purchase pig iron cheaper than the present cost of making.

THROAT IRRITATION AND COUGH.—Soreness and dryness, tickling and irritation, inducing cough and affecting the voice. For these symptoms use Epps's Glycerine Jujubes. The contact with the glands at the moment they are excited by the act of sucking the Glycerine in these agreeable confections becomes actively healing. Sold only in boxes 7½d., tins 1s 1½d., labelled "James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London." Dr. Hughes Bennett, "Throat and Throat Diseases," says: "The Glycerine Jujubes prepared by James Epps and Co. are of undoubted service as a curative or palliative agent;" while Dr. Gordon Holmes, Senior Physician to the Municipal Throat and Ear Infirmary, writes: "After an extended trial, I have found your Glycerine Jujubes of considerable benefit in almost all forms of throat disease."—Advt.

The Editor of the *Medical Annual* for 1890 points out that potash is largely used to add to the solubility of many of the Cocoas as present sold, but that, in marked contrast, Messrs Cadbury supply an absolutely pure Cocoa of the highest quality; and that the name Cadbury on any packet of Cocoa or Chocolate is a guarantee of purity.—Advt.

The inhabitants of Stockton and district will save money by making an early inspection of E. Cowley's select assortment of Watches and Jewellery (51, High-street, Stockton.—Advt.

Darlington Fent Store Company's system of business enables them to supply goods at 25 per cent. below any other house in the North. Plushes, Velvets, Trimming, and Dress Silks at half-price. Tweeds at 1s per yard upwards. This is guaranteed; in proof write to see patterns.—Advt.

KAY'S COMPOUND, a demulcent anodyne expectorant for Coughs, 9d, 13d. All Chemists.—Advt.

Your Washing Stops take it to Collingwoods', when you may rely on having it made right. Repairs cheaply, quickly, and well done.—Advt.

TO ALL WHO ARE SUFFERING from chronic Kidney and Liver diseases, Diabetes or Bright's disease, or any derangements of the human body, nervous weakness, general debility, lassitude, loss of memory, want of brain power. To introduce it I will send genuine information free of charge of a new cheap and sure cure, the simplest remedy on earth, discovered in the Mississippi Valley. Send a self-addressed stamped envelope to James Holland, 59, Hart-street, High Holborn, London. Mention this paper.—Advt.

THE GATES OF EDEN.

By ANNIE S. SWAN, Author of "Aldersyde," "St. Veda's," "Across Her Path," &c., &c.

SYNOPSIS OF OPENING CHAPTERS.

The first chapter introduces the family of the Bethunes of Auchtermairnie. Old John Bethune had two sons and a daughter. The elder son, Peter, was an ill-conditioned, blustering fellow, whose bullying and greedy nature had driven his younger and gentler brother John to leave the farm and establish himself in the neighbouring village of Star. Peter then exercised his loutish tyranny on his father, whom he kept labouring in the fields like any other labourer. Susan, the sister, was an honest but rigid and unsmiable woman, who had completely disserved her self-love for her brother John since he had married Katie Law, whom she chose to regard as beneath the dignity of the Bethunes. Katie is now on her deathbed, and in his great sorrow John Bethune sends for his sister, who, in an ingracious mood, journs s to Star, only to find that the object of her enmity had gone the way of all flesh. When Susan found that Katie had left two twin babes behind her her heart was melted, and she sought to comfort her brother in his great bereavement. She stayed with her brother and reared the two boys, who were named Alexander and James. Meanwhile Peter, who had arranged to marry Margaret Thompson for her money, had got possession of his father's property, and was now quickly driving the old man to his grave. The boys grew up widely different in character—Sandy being bright, clever, and rattling, and Jamie a tall, thin boy, with a face remarkable for its earnestness and its dreamy eyes, which shone like stars beneath a broad open brow, indicative of ability and thought. Sandy was looked upon as the brilliant, intellectual boy of the family; and while Jamie was tied down to the distasteful farm work, his brother was trained for the ministry his father thought he would adorn. Everything was sacrificed for Sandy's sake, and Jamie brooded bitterly over the position. Jamie, however, found a friend in Mr Farquhar, the village schoolmaster, who was the first to see the great promise the lad showed, and help him in his studies. Five years passed away, and Sandy Bethune, after a successful college career, came to his native village of Star, where his acquaintance with Mary Campbell, whose lover he had supplanted, succeeded in dispating the resentment she had felt against him on account of his neglect. Two years later we find Peter Bethune's wife dead, and John Bethune mysteriously finding out the stores of knowledge which Jamie had acquired. Jamie patiently bided his time, content to stay at the Star while his father needed him. Sandy was appointed to the living of Lochbroom.

CHAPTER VII. (CONTINUED.)

An awkward, almost painful, silence followed upon the old man's solemn warning. Jamie turned to his book again, while Sandy sat twirling his thumbs and looking moodily into the fire. He felt himself aggrieved, after having rushed home to tell them the news, that they should receive him with such cold congratulations. At that moment Sandy Bethune felt further off than ever from his own folk. They would never understand nor appreciate him, and it was hardly possible to put up with their ignorant, old-world notions.

"Don't be so hard on me, father," he said, feeling that some remark was expected of him. "Of course I mean to work hard, and do as much good as I can. It wasn't fair of Aunt Susan to come down so hard upon me. What does she know about it, any way?"

"She means well," said the old man; and then a silence fell upon them again.

"Well, I'll go away up to the Knowe, and tell them the news," said Sandy, jumping up. "What are you reading, Jamie? Mill's 'System of Logic.' Upon my word, you are going in for philosophy with a vengeance. But do you understand it?" he added, curiously, and the tone of the question brought the ready flush to his brother's cheek. At four-and twenty he was as sensitive on some points as a child.

"Understand it! Yes, he does, and a deal more than me, or even you, Sandy, with all your college lore," said the old man, with a certain deep satisfaction and pride which astonished Sandy as much as the fact of Jamie's reading Mill.

He smiled, just a trifle incredulously, and went away out of the house. Knowing that Mrs Campbell's milk customers would be about the kitchen entrance at the Knowe, he took the trouble to go up the old road a bit, and then through the stackyard to the front door. The sunset had ceased to fall, and the sky was breaking up and re-arranging here and there, blue patches set with stars. The frost was intense, and already the snow-covered paths were growing crisp and slippery. David Campbell himself answered the low knock, and peered out curiously when he opened the door, wondering what front-door visitor could be so late on a stormy night.

"Mr Bell!" he exclaimed, when he saw the figure in clerical garb. "No; oh, is it you, Sandy Bethune? Come in. Nobody was expecting you."

"I won't come in, thanks. Is Mary in the house, Mr Campbell? I want to see her for a little."

"She is not in. She has gone to Marklnch, doing some shopping for her aunt, who has got a cold. Come in and have a chat till she comes back."

"I think I'll go and meet her. "She'll be sure to come over the Cunan Hill, I suppose?"

"Oh, sure; it's the nearest way from Northlhall, you know, and the best, especially on a snowy night. But what's brought you to the Star all on a sudden to-night?"

"I'll tell you when I come back. It's good news," said Sandy, with a laugh. "Is there a stick in the lobby? Hand it out, please. The roads are very slippery."

"There's my father's tree for you," said David Campbell, handing out the stout crook which had stood for fifty years and more in the lobby at the Knowe.

Thus equipped, Sandy Bethune trudged off. Directly he was beyond the houses he lit a cigar and walked on quickly, pondering certain things in his mind. He felt a vague dissatisfaction, an uneasy consciousness that his relations with the Star were not quite what they should be. Every step he took was bringing him nearer Mary Campbell, but the thought had not power to thrill his pulses or make his heart beat faster; and yet he had not seen her for nearly four months.

The sky gradually cleared as the wind rose, and when he passed through the wicket into the path which led over the hill he could see Mary coming over the brow of the slope—at least, there was a woman's figure standing out clearly against the deep blue of the sky, and which would in all probability be Mary. He walked more leisurely now, and just met her at the base of the hill.

"Sandy!" she exclaimed, breathlessly, and yet somehow she did not exhibit that surprise he expected. The explanation was that he was so continually in her thoughts that it could not have seemed very strange though he should appear sometimes at her side.

"How are you, Mary?" he asked; and after holding her hand a moment he stooped and kissed her. As he did so he saw her eyes fill with tears.

"They didn't know you were coming, surely. At least, I saw Jamie yesterday, and he said nothing about it."

"No, they didn't know; I didn't know myself," said Sandy, rather shortly; for the broad Scotch in which this was spoken, even when uttered in so sweet a tone, jarred upon him and vexed him.

"I hope there's nothing wrong," she said, rather timidly.

"No. I've got a church, Mary; that's what brought me to the Star to-night," he said. "We need not stand here. Let us walk on."

"A church! Oh, Sandy, where?"

"At Lochbroom, near Lochcrbie. They have elected me unanimously. I am told there was not one dissentient voice," said Sandy, with his grandest air.

"Near Lockerbie! Where's that, Sandy?"

"In Dumfriesshire, you little goose. Have you forgotten all your geography already?"

"I think I have. And when do you go, Sandy?"

"As soon as I can; as soon as I may. It will be after the New Year. But you're never asking about the stipend or the manse, Mary."

"But you'll tell me all about it, Sandy," said Mary, with a fleeting upward smile which had a touch of wistfulness in it. Mary Campbell's love was more a pain than a joy; there was a strange uncertainty and fear mingling with it, and an utter absence of that perfect trust and freedom which makes love's young dream so sweet.

"The stipend is two hundred, besides the glebe, and the manse has ten rooms in it, Mary; different from anything you've been accustomed to."

"Ten rooms, Sandy!" echoed Mary in a whisper. "That's more than they have at Carriston; as many nearly, I believe, as what's at Brunton."

"It's bigger than the Knowe, any way," said Sandy, without drawing any comparison between it and his own humble home. "There'll be a dining-room and a drawing-room and a study; then seven rooms, of course. It'll take a lot of money to furnish it, but my father must just advance the cash. I must make a good appearance at first, you know; so much depends on that."

"But such a house is far too big for you, Sandy," Mary ventured to say, but did not say "for us," as most girls would have done.

"Not a bit of it. I've been a great deal in fine houses, and you'll soon grow accustomed. You'll need to pull up, though, Mary, and learn a great deal within the next few months, before you come to the Manse of Lochbroom."

Mary sighed. She felt very ignorant and weak—unfitted for the position of which her lover spoke. The burden of the future sometimes weighed very heavily on her, and Sandy was not so helpful as he might have been. He was always unable to find fault than to notice improvements or commend her for doing well.

"Did you read the books I sent to you, Mary?"

"Yes, I read them; but *I* don't know the meaning of the Baconian Essays. I tried some of the poetry books best," said Mary. "I don't think I'm clever enough to read your fine books Sandy; it would be better to let me alone. I'd rather learn all you want me to learn just by listening to you. And I've so much to do that I'm quite tired sometimes at night to a book I fall asleep."

Sandy Bethune bit his lip, but when he felt the light hand tremble on his arm his heart smote him. After all, he was a little hard on the poor little girl, who had never had a chance.

"Never mind, my pet. Don't bother your little head any more over Bacon. I dare say he's rather a dry old chap. I dare say you'll do splendidly when you're away from the drudgery of the Knowe," said Sandy; and as they were in the deep shadow of the malt barns, and nobody was in sight, he stooped down and kissed her again. Her humility touched him, and he was very fond of her in his own way. And if only she would not speak so broad, she was very pretty, and when properly dressed would look as like a lady as many he know.

"So you'll need to be getting your things ready, Mary. Women always get a lot of stuff, don't they, when they're going to be married? Of course it won't be for a while yet, till I get settled a while, and am all ready for you. Won't you be glad to come?"

"Yes, if only I can please you, and make you a good wife," said Mary, with a sob in her voice. "But oh, Sandy, remember that if you think you would be better without me, I'm quite willing to give you up. I don't know what I would do if you thought you had made a mistake when it was too late to mend it."

"If we weren't so near the Knowe, you little monkey, I'd punish you for such a speech," said Sandy, playfully. Then a smile stole through her tears again, and for the moment the girls anxious heart was set at rest.

(To be continued.)

WHOSE WAS THE HAND?

By Miss BRADDON, Author of "Lady Audley's Secret," "Like and Unlike," "The Day Will Come," &c.

CHAPTER XIII. (CONTINUED.)

Florestan had no more doubt that Madame Quijada's niece was Antoinette Morel than he had of his own identity. Her denial was in its mode and manner quite as good as a confession. He was strongly inclined to believe that the elderly and aristocratic French woman who changed the notes was no other than Madame Quijada. True, the elderly lady's white hair was a point in the description, while the Spanish lady's hair was still black, but it would be only natural that a woman entrusted with such a critical mission would do her utmost to hide her identity.

Was it the same woman who stopped Robert Hasell in Cranbourn-street and who appealed to him on behalf of the dying Antoinette. Yes, Florestan thought, the same; although the woman in Cranbourn-street was described by Colonel Macdonald as middle-aged. And if this were so, Madame Quijada had been her nephew's aider and abettor in a diabolical murder.

Would Antoinette, otherwise Louise, warn her aunt of his suspicions? He determined to appear in the lady's salon on her next evening in order to discover, if it were possible, what confidences had passed between the aunt and niece. His own idea of the situation was that the younger woman existed in her aunt's house only on sufferance, and that there was suspicion on the aunt's side and loathing on the side of the niece.

He spent only half an hour in the Rue St. Guillaume. Louise was absent from the salon, suffering from a neuralgic headache, her aunt told him. Dolores looked pale and preoccupied. There was no change in her mother's manner, and Florestan concluded that Louise had told her nothing. There was no other visitor, and the dulness of the salon was oppressive.

Before he left he contrived, in the most casual way, to ask an important question.

He commented in a sympathising tone upon Madile. Marcet's delicate appearance and weak health, and then he asked abruptly—

"How long is it since she had that serious illness of which you told me?"

"A good many years, I really don't remember how many," replied Madame Quijada.

"Oh, mother, you can't forget the year," cried Dolores, who had been yawning behind her fan. It was in '72, the year we went to Madrid."

The year of Robert Hasrell's murder. This answer settled two points. Antoinette's illness, and the establishment of Madame Quijada at Madrid, had been events of the same year.

Florestan felt that he was getting the threads of the tangled skein into his hands. He called on the following day at the head-quarters of the Police de Sûreté, and was again admitted to M. Crefoni, the important official to whom he had confided his suspicions of Duverdier.

He told him all that he had discovered, and then the official said: "I have something to tell you as the result of the enquiry that has been made since you were last in this room."

"You have discovered the identity of Morel and Duverdier?" exclaimed Florestan, eagerly.

"Not conclusively; but we have discovered that Duverdier is a man of the worst possible reputation—to have escaped deportation to New Caledonia. We have discovered that on the strength of good looks and consummate audacity he has managed to live for the last seven years in Madrid and in Paris. I have despatched my agent to Madrid, and he may be able to get more details on the spot. In the meantime there is one fact that tells strongly against M. Leon Duverdier."

"And that is—"

"He has made off. He has scented danger, I believe, and has disappeared from Paris before he could be asked any inconvenient questions."

"Is that really so?"

"Yes."

"He has been warned by his sister," said Florestan, after a thoughtful silence. "I showed my cards too soon."

"Yes, that was a mistake. But if this Duverdier is as black a villain as you believe him to be—or, in other words, if he is the Denmark-street murderer, he will be sure to put his neck under the knife. No such man stops at a single crime."

"He is a man to be watched then," said Florestan.

"Yes, he is a man to be watched; and I believe he will prove a man worth watching."

CHAPTER XIV.

DAISY'S DIARY IN LONDON.

It was an old fancy, and one which had haunted me from the first night I slept in Grosvenor-square. As I laid myself down to rest in the pretty little bed, with its embroidered Japanese coverlet and cloud of white lace curtains—all devised by mother, so dainty and gracious—and as I heard the noise of the carriage wheels like the great horns roar of the sea—I said in myself, "This is London, cruel London, the city in which my father was lured to his death—the city in which a good man may be murdered in broad daylight, on a sunny summer afternoon, in the very midst of his fellow-men."

I could not sleep that first night for thinking of my dear dead father. I could not stop myself from picturing the awful scene, over and over again—the ghastly change in the dear face—the horrid wound—the pitiless murderer whose face I could not picture to myself.

Night after night I have lain awake thinking of him. My father has been much more often in my thoughts since we came to London than he was while we were at peaceful River Lawn, where I used to lie awake to hear the nightingale in the warm June nights, and where the sound of the river was always like a lullaby.

I want to see the house in which my father died. I want to see the room in which he was found lying stabbed to death.

This is the fancy that has tormented me ever since we took up our abode in London, ever since the roll of the wheels and the tramp, tramp, tramp of horses' feet have been in my ears. I feel as if I should think less of him, and be less haunted by the dreadful vision of that room if I could once see it in all its sordid reality, if I could know exactly what it is like.

I have entreated Cyril to take me there, but he steadfastly refuses, so I have made up my mind to go there without him. Mother and her husband are going to a grand dinner this evening, to meet Royalties; Cyril has gone to Oxford to dine with the Bullingdon Club. I shall have the evening all to myself, and I shall go to Denmark-street alone.

I suppose it is rather an awful thing for a girl of my age to go out after eight o'clock, and I have never been in the streets of London by myself at any hour; but I don't care to take even my good Broomfield, for she would most likely make as many objections as Cyril, and I might fail in getting inside the house I want to see. I would rather depend entirely upon my own cleverness.

I know where Uncle Ambrose leaves the latch-key which he always uses when he comes in from a walk, so I can let myself in as quietly as I let myself out. Our hall and stair case and the heads of the family are out night for silence and solitude as well be in the sepulchre of one of the Pharoahs.

I shall put on my very plainest cloth gown, and a shabby little garden hat, so as to look like a work girl, or anything common or insignificant.

* * * * * * *

I have seen that dreadful room—a common-place, ill-furnished room in a shabby lodging-house, and the sight of it will haunt me to the dying day. Cyril was right and I was wrong. It was a senseless thing to do, and I ought to have left it undone.

Everything happened as I hoped. The pretended headache did me good service. I was missed by my time and sent home before nine o'clock. I slipped off my tea-gown and dressed myself for the character of a young woman in search of a respectable lodging at seven shillings a week. I suppose that is about the price work girls pay.

The evening was grey and dull, not dark, but thick and heavy, with an oppressive feeling in the atmosphere, as of storm in coal and dust—such a dismal atmosphere from the cool dewy air in the garden at Rainford on a midsummer night.

I had studied the map of London, and had carefully made out my way to Denmark-street, but seeing a benevolent looking old cabman, with a red nose, creeping along close to the curb in Broke-street, I hailed him, and told him to drive me to St. Giles' Church.

"So I will, my dear, and I wish I was going to drive you there to be spliced," he said, which shows how thoroughly common I must have looked in my garden hat, or it might be that the old man had been drinking, for he rattled the cab over the stones, and zig zagged across the road in a really dreadful manner.

I am not a fainting young person, indeed I never fainted in my life; but that night I was afraid that I was going to faint, and I had to struggle against a swimming in my head, and a horrible sense of lightness which made me totter a little as after le